

Prospectus
January 31, 2019



The Leuthold Funds

Leuthold Core Investment Fund

Retail Class Shares LCORX
Institutional Class Shares LCRIX

Leuthold Global Fund

Retail Class Shares GLBLX
Institutional Class Shares GLBIX

Leuthold Select Industries Fund

LSLTX

Leuthold Global Industries Fund

Retail Class Shares LGINX
Institutional Class Shares LGIIX

Grizzly Short Fund GRZZX

Beginning on January 1, 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, paper copies of the Funds' annual and semi-annual shareholder reports will no longer be sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports. Instead, the reports will be made available on the Funds' website www.funds.leutholdgroup.com, and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report.

If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change and you need not take any action. You may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications from the Funds electronically anytime by contacting your financial intermediary (such as a broker-dealer or a bank) or, if you are a direct investor, by calling 1-800-273-6886, sending an e-mail request to publicinfo@sec.gov, or by enrolling at www.funds.leutholdgroup.com.

You may elect to receive all future reports in paper free of charge. If you invest through a financial intermediary, you can contact your financial intermediary to request that you continue to receive paper copies of your shareholder reports. If you invest directly with the Funds, you can call 1-800-273-6886 or send an email request to publicinfo@sec.gov to let the Funds know you wish to continue receiving paper copies of your shareholder reports. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all Funds held in your account if you invest through your financial intermediary or all Funds held with the fund complex if you invest directly with the Funds.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or determined if this Prospectus is accurate or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. An investment in the Funds is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

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SUMMARY INFORMATION

Leuthold Core Investment Fund

Investment Objective

Leuthold Core Investment Fund seeks capital appreciation and income (or “total return”) in amounts attainable by assuming only prudent investment risk over the long term.

Fund Fees and Expenses

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

	<u>Retail (LCORX)</u>	<u>Institutional (LCRIX)</u>
Shareholder Fees <i>(fees paid directly from your investment)</i>		
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases.....	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends and Distributions	None	None
Redemption Fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed within 5 business days of purchase).....	2%	2%
Exchange Fee (as a percentage of amount exchanged within 5 business days of purchase).....	2%	2%
Annual Fund Operating Expenses <i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>		
Management Fees.....	0.90%	0.90%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	None	None
Other Expenses.....	0.53%	0.42%
Service Fees.....	0.11%	None
Dividends on Securities Sold Short....	0.19%	0.19%
All Remaining Other Expenses.....	0.18%	0.18%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses....	0.05% ¹	0.05% ¹
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.43%	1.32%

¹ Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are not directly borne by the Fund, and they are not reflected in the Fund’s financial statements, with the result that the information presented in the expense table may differ from that presented in the financial highlights.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of these periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	<u>One Year</u>	<u>Three Years</u>	<u>Five Years</u>	<u>Ten Years</u>
Retail (LCORX)	\$146	\$452	\$782	\$1,713
Institutional (LCRIX)	\$134	\$418	\$723	\$1,590

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 79.00% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

The Fund is a “flexible” fund, meaning that it allocates its investments among:

- Common stocks and other equity securities (including common stocks, preferred stocks, convertible preferred stocks, warrants, options, and American Depository Receipts, and may engage in short sales of equity securities);
- Bonds and other debt securities (including U.S. and some developed and emerging foreign government-related securities (including those issued by sovereign and local governments and their sponsored entities), U.S. and some foreign corporate securities, and securitized debts, both above and below investment grade);

- Real estate investment trusts;
- Commodities (including both physical commodities and commodity-based exchange-traded funds); and
- Money market instruments;

in proportions which reflect the judgment of Leuthold Weeden Capital Management (referred to as the Adviser) of the potential returns and risks of each asset class. The Adviser considers a number of factors when making these allocations, including economic conditions and monetary factors, inflation and interest rate levels and trends, investor confidence, and technical stock market measures.

The Fund expects that normally:

- 30% to 70% of its net assets will be invested in common stocks and other equity securities;
- 30% to 70% of its net assets will be invested in bonds and other debt securities (other than money market instruments), except during prolonged periods of low interest rates; and
- up to 20% of its assets will be invested in money market instruments.

The Fund's investments in common stocks and other equity securities may consist of:

- Large, mid, or small capitalization common stocks;
- Growth stocks, value stocks, or cyclical stocks;
- Aggressive stocks or defensive stocks;
- Stocks in any industry or sector;
- Equity mutual funds and exchange-traded funds;
- Stocks in emerging and less developed markets;
- Common stocks of foreign issuers; and
- Options.

In investing in equity securities and debt securities, the Fund uses a disciplined, unemotional, quantitative investment approach that is based on the belief investors can achieve superior investment performance through group selection (Select Industries Strategy).

Pursuant to the Select Industries Strategy, the Adviser believes that as shifts among industry groups in the equity market have become more dramatic, group selection has become as important as individual stock selection in determining investment performance. The Adviser considers a group to be a collection of stocks whose investment performance tends to be similarly influenced by a variety of factors. The Adviser currently monitors about 110 groups. The major types of groups the Adviser monitors as part of the Select Industries Strategy are Industry Specific Groups comprised of narrower themes. Examples include "Airlines," "Health Care Facilities" or "Semiconductors".

The Adviser continuously updates its investment discipline and adjusts the Fund's portfolio as necessary to keep the Fund invested in stocks in those groups which the Adviser believes are the most attractive. Such adjustments usually result in high portfolio turnover.

The Fund may invest in U.S. and some foreign (developed and emerging) government-related securities, including those issued by sovereign and local governments and their sponsored entities, U.S. and some foreign corporate securities, and securitized debts. The Funds may invest in both above and below investment grade securities or mutual funds and exchange-traded funds that invest in these securities.

The Fund may engage in short sales of index-related and other equity securities to reduce its equity exposure or to profit from an anticipated decline in the price of the security sold short.

The Fund's investments are allocated among common stocks, corporate bonds, government bonds, real estate investment trusts, commodities (including both physical commodities and commodity-based exchange-traded funds), and cash equivalents. Portfolio weightings in these asset classes are driven by models that (1) determine the relative appeal of each asset class in relation to the others, and (2) the return potential of each asset class on an absolute, or stand-alone, basis.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

Investors in the Fund may lose money. The principal risks of investing in the Fund, including the risks to which the Fund's portfolio as a whole is subject and the circumstances reasonably likely to affect adversely the Fund's performance, are summarized below.

- **Market Risk:** The prices of the securities, particularly the common stocks, in which the Fund invests may decline for a number of reasons. The price declines of common stocks, in particular, may be steep, sudden, and/or prolonged. In the past decade financial markets throughout the world have experienced increased volatility and heightened uncertainty.
- **Interest Rate Risk:** In general, the value of bonds and other debt securities falls when interest rates rise. Longer term obligations are usually more sensitive to interest rate changes than shorter term obligations. While bonds and other debt securities normally fluctuate less in price than common stocks, there have been extended periods of increases in interest rates that have caused significant declines in bond prices. Many debt securities utilize LIBOR as the reference or benchmark rate for variable interest rate calculations. If LIBOR in its current form does not survive or if an alternative index is chosen, the market value and/or liquidity of securities with distributions or interest rates based on LIBOR could be adversely affected.
- **Credit Risk:** The issuers of the bonds and other debt securities held by the Fund or by the mutual funds in which the Fund invests may not be able to make interest or principal payments. Even if these issuers are able to make interest or principal payments, they may suffer adverse changes in financial condition that would lower the credit quality of the security, leading to greater volatility in the price of the security.
- **Foreign and Emerging Markets Securities Risk:** The securities of foreign issuers may be less liquid and more volatile than securities of comparable U.S. issuers. The costs associated with securities transactions are often higher in foreign countries

than the U.S. The U.S. dollar value of foreign securities traded in foreign currencies (and any dividends and interest earned) held by the Fund or by mutual funds in which the Fund invests may be affected unfavorably by changes in foreign currency exchange rates. An increase in the U.S. dollar relative to these other currencies will adversely affect the Fund. Additionally, investments in foreign securities, even those publicly traded in the United States, may involve risks which are in addition to those inherent in domestic investments. Foreign companies may be subject to significantly higher levels of taxation than U.S. companies, including potentially confiscatory levels of taxation, thereby reducing the earnings potential of such foreign companies. Substantial withholding taxes may apply to distributions from foreign companies. Foreign companies may not be subject to the same regulatory requirements of U.S. companies, and as a consequence, there may be less publicly available information about such companies. Policy and legislative changes in foreign countries and other events affecting global markets, such as the United Kingdom's expected exit from the European Union (or Brexit), may contribute to decreased liquidity and increased volatility in the financial markets. Also, foreign companies may not be subject to uniform accounting, auditing, and financial reporting standards and requirements comparable to those applicable to U.S. companies. Foreign governments and foreign economies often are less stable than the U.S. government and the U.S. economy. The risks associated with international investing will be greater in emerging markets than in more developed foreign markets because, among other things, emerging markets may have less stable political and economic environments.

- **Short Sales Risk:** The Fund will suffer a loss if it sells a security short and the value of the security rises rather than falls. It is possible that the Fund's long positions will decline in value at the same time that the value of its securities sold short increase, thereby increasing potential losses to the Fund. Short sales expose the Fund to the risk that it will be required to buy the security sold short (also known as "covering" the short position) at

a time when the security has appreciated in value, thus resulting in a loss to the Fund. The Fund's investment performance will also suffer if it is required to close out a short position earlier than it had intended. In addition, the Fund may be subject to expenses related to short sales that are not typically associated with investing in securities directly, such as costs of borrowing and margin account maintenance costs associated with the Fund's open securities sold short. These expenses may negatively impact the performance of the Fund. Securities sold short introduce more risk to the Fund than long positions (purchases) because the maximum sustainable loss on a security purchased (held long) is limited to the amount paid for the security plus the transaction costs, whereas there is no maximum attainable price of the shorted security. Therefore, in theory, securities sold short have unlimited risk.

- **High Portfolio Turnover Risk:** The Fund's annual portfolio turnover rate generally exceeds 100%. (Generally speaking, a turnover rate of 100% occurs when the Fund replaces securities valued at 100% of its average net assets within a one year period.) High portfolio turnover (100% or more) will result in the Fund incurring more transaction costs such as brokerage commissions or mark-ups or mark-downs. Payment of those transaction costs reduces total return. High portfolio turnover could result in the payment by the Fund's stockholders of increased taxes on realized gains. Distributions to the Fund's stockholders, to the extent they are short-term capital gains, will be taxed at ordinary income rates for federal income tax purposes, rather than at lower capital gains rates.
- **Asset Allocation Risk:** The Fund's performance will also be affected by the Adviser's ability to anticipate correctly the relative potential returns and risks of the asset classes in which the Fund invests. For example, the Fund's relative investment performance would suffer if only a small portion of its assets were allocated to stocks during a significant stock market advance, and its absolute investment performance would suffer if a major portion of its assets were allocated to stocks during a market decline. Finally, since the Fund intends to assume only prudent investment

risk, there will be periods in which the Fund underperforms mutual funds that are willing to assume greater risk.

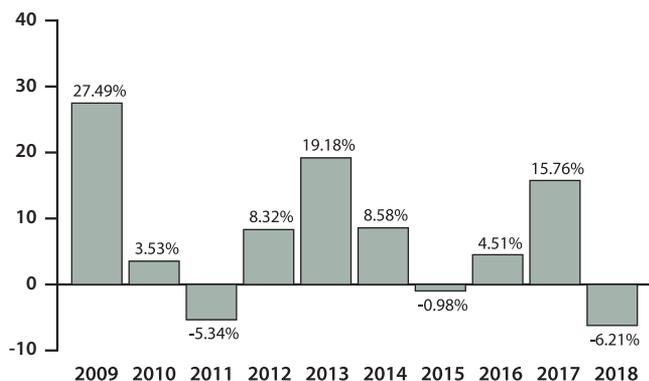
- **Quantitative Investment Approach Risk:** The Fund utilizes a quantitative investment approach. While the Adviser continuously reviews and refines, if necessary, its investment approach, there may be market conditions where the quantitative investment approach performs poorly.
- **Liquidity Risk:** Liquidity risk is the risk, due to certain investments trading in lower volumes or to market and economic conditions, that the Fund may be unable to find a buyer for its investments when it seeks to sell them or to receive the price it expects based on the Fund's valuation of the investments. Events that may lead to increased redemptions, such as market disruptions, may also negatively impact the liquidity of the Fund's investments when it needs to dispose of them. If the Fund is forced to sell its investments at an unfavorable time and/or under adverse conditions in order to meet redemption requests, such sales could negatively affect the Fund. Liquidity issues may also make it difficult to value the Fund's investments.

As a result, the Fund is a suitable investment only for those investors who have medium to long-term investment goals. Prospective investors who are uncomfortable with an investment that may decrease in value should not invest in the Fund. The Adviser does not intend the Fund to be a fixed, balanced investment program. Rather, the Fund is intended to be a flexible core investment suitable for long-term investors. Long-term investors may wish to supplement an investment in the Fund with other investments to satisfy their short-term financial needs and to diversify their exposure to various markets and asset classes.

Performance Information

The bar chart and table that follow provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in its performance from year to year and how its average annual returns over various periods compare with those of an index that reflects a broad measure of market performance, as well as additional indices that reflect the performance of investments similar to those of the Fund. For additional information on the indices, please see “Index Descriptions” in the Prospectus. The bar chart shows the performance of the Fund’s Retail Class shares, and performance of the Fund’s Institutional Class shares will differ from those shown to the extent that the classes of shares do not have the same expenses or inception date. Please remember that the Fund’s past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of its future performance. It may perform better or worse in the future. Updated performance information is available on the Fund’s website, www.funds.leutholdgroup.com.

Leuthold Core Investment Fund Total Return of the Retail Shares (per calendar year)



Note: During the ten-year period shown on the bar chart, the Fund’s highest total return for a quarter was 16.10% (quarter ended September 30, 2009) and the lowest total return for a quarter was -13.31% (quarter ended September 30, 2011).

Average Annual Total Returns (for the periods ended December 31, 2018)

	Past Year	Past Five Years	Past Ten Years
Leuthold Core Investment Fund (Retail – LCORX)			
Return Before Taxes	(6.21)%	4.06%	7.00%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	(8.31)%	2.83%	6.01%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	(2.07)%	3.06%	5.51%
Leuthold Core Investment Fund (Institutional – LCRIX)			
Return Before Taxes	(6.08)%	4.17%	7.12%
S&P 500® Index	(4.38)%	8.49%	13.12%
Lipper Flexible Portfolio Funds Index	(6.10)%	3.39%	8.35%
Morningstar Tactical Allocation Index	(7.70)%	1.76%	6.61%
Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Index	(1.20)%	2.70%	1.08%

We use the Lipper Flexible Portfolio Funds Index, the Morningstar Tactical Allocation Index, and Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Index because those indices compare the Fund’s performance with the returns of indices reflecting the performance of investments similar to those of the Fund.

The after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor’s tax situation and may differ from those shown, and the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The Fund’s return after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares may be higher than the other return figures for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of Fund shares.

Investment Adviser

Leuthold Weeden Capital Management is the investment adviser to the Fund.

Portfolio Managers

Douglas R. Ramsey, CFA, Chun Wang, CFA, Jun Zhu, CFA, and Greg M. Swenson, CFA, are the portfolio managers of the Fund. Mr. Ramsey is the chief investment officer and a portfolio manager of the Adviser and has been a senior analyst of The Leuthold Group since 2005. Mr. Wang is a portfolio manager of the Adviser and has been a senior analyst of The Leuthold Group since 2009. Ms. Zhu is a portfolio manager of the Adviser and has been a senior analyst of The Leuthold Group since 2008. Mr. Swenson is a portfolio manager of the Adviser and has been a senior analyst of The Leuthold Group since 2006.

For important information about purchase and sale of Fund shares, tax information, and payments to financial intermediaries, please turn to “Important Additional Fund Information” on page 25 of this Prospectus.

Leuthold Global Fund

Investment Objective

Leuthold Global Fund seeks capital appreciation and income (or “total return”) in amounts attainable by assuming only prudent investment risk over the long term.

Fund Fees and Expenses

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

	<u>Retail (GLBLX)</u>	<u>Institutional (GLBIX)</u>
Shareholder Fees		
<i>(fees paid directly from your investment)</i>		
Maximum Sales Charge (Load)		
Imposed on Purchases	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends and Distributions.	None	None
Redemption Fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed within 5 business days of purchase).	2%	2%
Exchange Fee (as a percentage of amount exchanged within 5 business days of purchase).	2%	2%
Annual Fund Operating Expenses		
<i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>		
Management Fees.	0.90%	0.90%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.25%	None
Other Expenses.	<u>0.65%</u>	<u>0.65%</u>
Dividends on Securities Sold Short . . .	0.21%	0.21%
All Remaining Other Expenses.	0.39%	0.39%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses. . . .	0.05% ¹	0.05% ¹
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	<u>1.80%</u>	<u>1.55%</u>

¹ Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are not directly borne by the Fund, and they are not reflected in the Fund’s financial statements, with the result that the information presented in the expense table may differ from that presented in the financial highlights.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of these periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	<u>One Year</u>	<u>Three Years</u>	<u>Five Years</u>	<u>Ten Years</u>
Retail (GLBLX)	\$183	\$566	\$975	\$2,116
Institutional (GLBIX)	\$158	\$490	\$845	\$1,845

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 79.09% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

Leuthold Global Fund is a “flexible” fund, meaning that it allocates its investments among:

- Common stocks and other equity securities (including common stocks, preferred stocks, convertible preferred stocks, warrants, options, and American Depository Receipts, and may engage in short sales of equity securities);
- Bonds and other debt securities (including global developed and emerging government-related securities (including those issued by sovereign and local governments and their sponsored entities), global corporate securities, and securitized debts both above and below investment grade); and

- Money market instruments from around the world;

in proportions which reflect the judgment of Leuthold Weeden Capital Management (referred to as the Adviser) of the potential returns and risks of each asset class.

The Adviser considers a number of factors when making these allocations, including economic conditions and monetary factors, inflation and interest rate levels and trends, investor confidence, and technical stock market measures. Normally, the Fund will invest at least 40% of its assets in securities from international markets, unless market conditions are not deemed favorable by the Adviser, in which case the Fund may invest less than 40% of its assets in securities from international markets (but in any event not less than 30%). While at least 40% of the Fund's assets will be invested in securities from international markets, the Fund's investments will be allocated among the following categories, with portions of each being made up of domestic and international securities:

- 30% to 70% of its net assets will be invested in common stocks and other equity securities;
- 30% to 70% of its net assets will be invested in bonds and other debt securities (other than money market instruments), except during prolonged periods of low interest rates; and
- up to 20% of its assets will be invested in money market instruments.

The Fund's investments in common stocks and other equity securities may consist of the following from around the world:

- Large, mid, or small capitalization common stocks;
- Growth stocks, value stocks, or cyclical stocks;
- Aggressive stocks or defensive stocks;
- Stocks in any industry or sector;
- Equity mutual funds and exchange-traded funds; and
- Options.

In investing in equity securities and debt securities, the Fund utilizes a disciplined, unemotional, quantitative investment approach that is based on the belief investors can achieve superior investment performance through group selection (Global Group Strategy). The Fund will invest in domestic and foreign companies of all sizes and industries as well as in "growth" stocks and "value" stocks.

The Adviser currently monitors about 90 global groups. The major types of groups the Adviser monitors are Industry Specific Groups comprised of narrower themes. Examples include "Airlines," "Health Care Facilities" or "Semiconductors".

The Adviser continuously updates its investment discipline and adjusts the Fund's portfolio as necessary to keep the Fund invested in stocks in those groups which the Adviser believes are the most attractive. Such adjustments may result in high portfolio turnover.

The Fund may invest in global (developed and emerging) government related securities, including those issued by sovereign and local governments and their sponsored entities, global corporate securities, and securitized debts. The Fund may invest in both above and below investment grade securities or mutual funds and exchange-traded funds that invest in these securities.

The Fund may engage in short sales of index-related and other equity securities to reduce its equity exposure or to profit from an anticipated decline in the price of the security sold short.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

Investors in the Fund may lose money. The principal risks of investing in the Fund, including the risks to which the Fund's portfolio as a whole is subject and the circumstances reasonably likely to affect adversely the Fund's performance, are summarized below.

- **Market Risk:** The prices of the securities, particularly the common stocks, in which the Fund invests may decline for a number of reasons. The price declines of common stocks, in particular, may be steep, sudden, and/or prolonged. In the past decade financial markets throughout the world have experienced increased volatility and heightened uncertainty.
- **Interest Rate Risk:** In general, the value of bonds and other debt securities falls when interest rates rise. Longer term obligations are usually more sensitive to interest rate changes than shorter term obligations. While bonds and other debt securities normally fluctuate less in price than common stocks, there have been extended periods of increases in interest rates that have caused significant declines in bond prices. Many debt securities utilize LIBOR as the reference or benchmark rate for variable interest rate calculations. If LIBOR in its current form does not survive or if an alternative index is chosen, the market value and/or liquidity of securities with distributions or interest rates based on LIBOR could be adversely affected.
- **Credit Risk:** The issuers of the bonds and other debt securities held by the Fund or by the mutual funds in which the Fund invests may not be able to make interest or principal payments. Even if these issuers are able to make interest or principal payments, they may suffer adverse changes in financial condition that would lower the credit quality of the security, leading to greater volatility in the price of the security.
- **Foreign Securities Risk:** The securities of foreign issuers may be less liquid and more volatile than securities of comparable U.S. issuers. The costs associated with securities transactions are often higher in foreign countries than the U.S. The U.S. dollar value of foreign securities traded in foreign currencies (and any dividends and interest

earned) held by the Fund or by mutual funds in which the Fund invests may be affected unfavorably by changes in foreign currency exchange rates. An increase in the U.S. dollar relative to these other currencies will adversely affect the Fund. Additionally, investments in foreign securities, even those publicly traded in the United States, may involve risks which are in addition to those inherent in domestic investments. Foreign companies may be subject to significantly higher levels of taxation than U.S. companies, including potentially confiscatory levels of taxation, thereby reducing the earnings potential of such foreign companies. Substantial withholding taxes may apply to distributions from foreign companies. Foreign companies may not be subject to the same regulatory requirements of U.S. companies, and as a consequence, there may be less publicly available information about such companies. Policy and legislative changes in foreign countries and other events affecting global markets, such as the United Kingdom's expected exit from the European Union (or Brexit), may contribute to decreased liquidity and increased volatility in the financial markets. Also, foreign companies may not be subject to uniform accounting, auditing, and financial reporting standards and requirements comparable to those applicable to U.S. companies. Foreign governments and foreign economies often are less stable than the U.S. government and the U.S. economy.

- **Short Sales Risk:** The Fund will suffer a loss if it sells a security short and the value of the security rises rather than falls. It is possible that the Fund's long positions will decline in value at the same time that the value of its securities sold short increase, thereby increasing potential losses to the Fund. Short sales expose the Fund to the risk that it will be required to buy the security sold short (also known as "covering" the short position) at a time when the security has appreciated in value, thus resulting in a loss to the Fund. The Fund's investment performance will also suffer if it is required to close out a short position earlier than it had intended. In addition, the Fund may be subject to expenses related to short sales that are not typically associated with investing in securities directly, such as costs of borrowing and margin

account maintenance costs associated with the Fund's open securities sold short. These expenses may negatively impact the performance of the Fund. Securities sold short introduce more risk to the Fund than long positions (purchases) because the maximum sustainable loss on a security purchased (held long) is limited to the amount paid for the security plus the transaction costs, whereas there is no maximum attainable price of the shorted security. Therefore, in theory, securities sold short have unlimited risk.

- **High Portfolio Turnover Risk:** The Fund's annual portfolio turnover rate may exceed 100%. (Generally speaking, a turnover rate of 100% occurs when the Fund replaces securities valued at 100% of its average net assets within a one year period.) High portfolio turnover (100% or more) will result in the Fund incurring more transaction costs such as brokerage commissions or mark-ups or mark-downs. Payment of those transaction costs reduces total return. High portfolio turnover could result in the payment by the Fund's stockholders of increased taxes on realized gains. Distributions to the Fund's stockholders, to the extent they are short-term capital gains, will be taxed at ordinary income rates for federal income tax purposes, rather than at lower capital gains rates.
- **Asset Allocation Risk:** The Fund's performance will also be affected by the Adviser's ability to anticipate correctly the relative potential returns and risks of the asset classes in which the Fund invests. For example, the Fund's relative investment performance would suffer if only a small portion of its assets were allocated to stocks during a significant stock market advance, and its absolute investment performance would suffer if a major portion of its assets were allocated to stocks during a market decline. Finally, since the Fund intends to assume only prudent investment risk, there will be periods in which the Fund underperforms mutual funds that are willing to assume greater risk.
- **Quantitative Investment Approach Risk:** The Fund utilizes a quantitative investment approach. While the Adviser continuously reviews and refines, if necessary, its investment approach, there may be market conditions where the quantitative investment approach performs poorly.

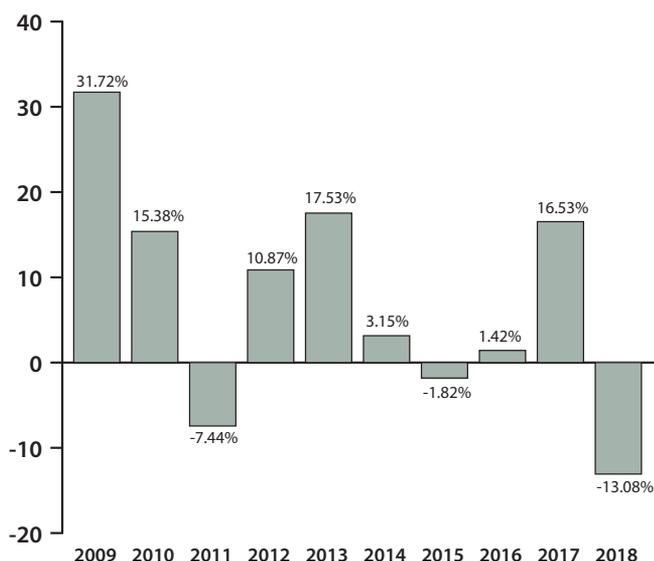
- **Liquidity Risk:** Liquidity risk is the risk, due to certain investments trading in lower volumes or to market and economic conditions, that the Fund may be unable to find a buyer for its investments when it seeks to sell them or to receive the price it expects based on the Fund's valuation of the investments. Events that may lead to increased redemptions, such as market disruptions, may also negatively impact the liquidity of the Fund's investments when it needs to dispose of them. If the Fund is forced to sell its investments at an unfavorable time and/or under adverse conditions in order to meet redemption requests, such sales could negatively affect the Fund. Liquidity issues may also make it difficult to value the Fund's investments.

As a result, the Fund is a suitable investment only for those investors who have medium to long-term investment goals. Prospective investors who are uncomfortable with an investment that may decrease in value should not invest in the Fund. The Adviser does not intend the Fund to be a fixed, balanced investment program. Rather, the Fund is intended to be a flexible core investment suitable for long-term investors. Long-term investors may wish to supplement an investment in the Fund with other investments to satisfy their short-term financial needs and to diversify their exposure to various markets and asset classes.

Performance Information

The bar chart and table that follow provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in its performance from year to year and how its average annual returns over various periods compare with those of an index that reflects a broad measure of market performance, as well as additional indices that reflect the performance of investments similar to those of the Fund. For additional information on the indices, please see “Index Descriptions” in the Prospectus. The bar chart shows the performance of the Fund’s Retail Class shares, and performance of the Fund’s Institutional Class shares will differ from those shown to the extent that the classes of shares do not have the same expenses or inception date. Please remember that the Fund’s past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of its future performance. It may perform better or worse in the future. Updated performance information is available on the Fund’s website, www.funds.leutholdgroup.com.

Leuthold Global Fund Total Return of the Retail Shares (per calendar year)



Note: During the ten-year period shown on the bar chart, the Fund’s highest total return for a quarter was 16.61% (quarter ended June 30, 2009) and the lowest return for a quarter was -13.11% (quarter ended September 30, 2011).

Average Annual Total Returns (for the periods ended December 31, 2018)

	Past Year	Past Five Years	Past Ten Years
Leuthold Global Fund (Retail – GBLX)			
Return Before Taxes	(13.08)%	0.79%	6.67%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	(14.63)%	(1.22)%	5.11%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares	(6.54)%	0.52%	5.28%
Leuthold Global Fund (Institutional – GLBIX)			
Return Before Taxes	(12.85)%	1.02%	6.89%
S&P 500® Index	(4.38)%	8.49%	13.12%
MSCI All Country World Index	(9.42)%	4.26%	9.46%
Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Index	(1.20)%	1.08%	2.49%

We use the MSCI All Country World Index and Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Index because those indices compare the Fund’s performance with the returns of indices reflecting the performance of investments similar to those of the Fund.

The after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor’s tax situation and may differ from those shown, and the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The Fund’s return after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares may be higher than the other return figures for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of Fund shares.

Investment Adviser

Leuthold Weeden Capital Management is the investment adviser to the Fund.

Portfolio Managers

Douglas R. Ramsey, CFA, Chun Wang, CFA, and Greg M. Swenson, CFA, are the portfolio managers of the Fund. Mr. Ramsey is the chief investment officer and a portfolio manager of the Adviser and has been a senior analyst of The Leuthold Group since 2005. Mr. Wang is a portfolio manager of the Adviser and has been a senior analyst of The Leuthold Group since 2009. Mr. Swenson is a portfolio manager of the Adviser and has been a senior analyst of The Leuthold Group since 2006.

For important information about purchase and sale of Fund shares, tax information, and payments to financial intermediaries, please turn to “Important Additional Fund Information” on page 25 of this Prospectus.

Leuthold Select Industries Fund

Investment Objective

Leuthold Select Industries Fund (LSLTX) seeks capital appreciation.

Fund Fees and Expenses

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

Shareholder Fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum Sales Charge (Load)	
Imposed on Purchases	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends and Distributions	None
Redemption Fee	None
Exchange Fee	None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	1.00%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses	<u>0.65%</u>
Service Fees	0.11%
All Remaining Other Expenses	0.54%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	<u>1.65%</u>
Expense Reimbursement ¹	0.15%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Expense Reimbursement	<u>1.50%</u>

¹ The Fund's investment adviser has contractually agreed in the investment advisory agreement to waive its advisory fee to the extent necessary to insure that Net Expenses (excluding Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses) do not exceed 1.50% of the average daily net assets of the Fund. The investment advisory agreement may be terminated by the Fund or the Fund's investment adviser for any reason upon sixty days' prior written notice, but is expected to continue indefinitely. In any of the following three fiscal years, the Fund's investment adviser may recover waived fees, but in no event may the Fund's expenses exceed the expense limitation above.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of these periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

<u>One Year</u>	<u>Three Years</u>	<u>Five Years</u>	<u>Ten Years</u>
\$153	\$506	\$883	\$1,942

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 104.00% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

The Fund seeks capital appreciation by investing substantially all of its assets in equity securities traded in the U.S. securities markets (including common stocks, preferred stocks, convertible preferred stocks, warrants, options, and American Depository Receipts). The Fund invests in companies of all sizes and industries as well as in "growth" stocks and "value" stocks. In investing in equity securities, the Fund uses a disciplined, unemotional, quantitative investment approach that is based on the belief investors can achieve superior investment performance through group selection (Select Industries Strategy).

Pursuant to the Select Industries Strategy, Leuthold Weeden Capital Management (referred to as the

Adviser) believes that as shifts among industry groups in the equity market have become more dramatic, group selection has become as important as individual stock selection in determining investment performance. The Adviser considers a group to be a collection of stocks whose investment performance tends to be similarly influenced by a variety of factors. The Adviser currently monitors about 110 groups. The major types of groups the Adviser monitors are Industry Specific Groups comprised of narrower themes. Examples include “Airlines,” “Health Care Facilities” or “Semiconductors”.

The Adviser continuously updates its investment discipline and adjusts the Fund’s portfolio as necessary to keep the Fund invested in stocks in those groups which the Adviser believes are the most attractive. Such adjustments usually result in high portfolio turnover.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

Investors in the Fund may lose money. The principal risks of investing in the Fund, including the risks to which the Fund’s portfolio as a whole is subject and the circumstances reasonably likely to affect adversely the Fund’s performance, are summarized below.

- **Market Risk:** The prices of the securities, particularly the common stocks, in which the Fund invests may decline for a number of reasons. The price declines of common stocks, in particular, may be steep, sudden, and/or prolonged. In the past decade financial markets throughout the world have experienced increased volatility and heightened uncertainty.
- **Foreign Securities Risk:** The securities of foreign issuers may be less liquid and more volatile than securities of comparable U.S. issuers. The costs associated with securities transactions are often higher in foreign countries than the U.S. The U.S. dollar value of foreign securities traded in foreign currencies (and any dividends and interest earned) held by the Fund or by mutual funds in which the Fund invests may be affected unfavorably by changes in foreign currency exchange rates. An increase in the U.S. dollar relative to these other currencies will adversely

affect the Fund. Additionally, investments in foreign securities, even those publicly traded in the United States, may involve risks which are in addition to those inherent in domestic investments. Foreign companies may be subject to significantly higher levels of taxation than U.S. companies, including potentially confiscatory levels of taxation, thereby reducing the earnings potential of such foreign companies. Substantial withholding taxes may apply to distributions from foreign companies. Foreign companies may not be subject to the same regulatory requirements of U.S. companies, and as a consequence, there may be less publicly available information about such companies. Policy and legislative changes in foreign countries and other events affecting global markets, such as the United Kingdom’s expected exit from the European Union (or Brexit), may contribute to decreased liquidity and increased volatility in the financial markets. Also, foreign companies may not be subject to uniform accounting, auditing, and financial reporting standards and requirements comparable to those applicable to U.S. companies. Foreign governments and foreign economies often are less stable than the U.S. government and the U.S. economy.

- **High Portfolio Turnover Risk:** The Fund’s annual portfolio turnover rate generally exceeds 100%. (Generally speaking, a turnover rate of 100% occurs when the Fund replaces securities valued at 100% of its average net assets within a one year period.) High portfolio turnover (100% or more) will result in the Fund incurring more transaction costs such as brokerage commissions or mark-ups or mark-downs. Payment of those transaction costs reduces total return. High portfolio turnover could result in the payment by the Fund’s stockholders of increased taxes on realized gains. Distributions to the Fund’s stockholders, to the extent they are short-term capital gains, will be taxed at ordinary income rates for federal income tax purposes, rather than at lower capital gains rates.

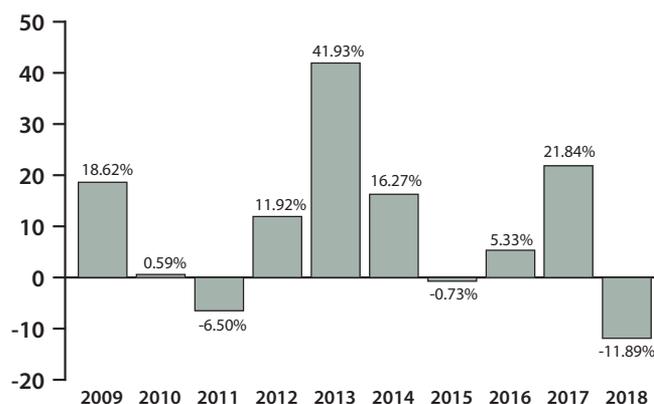
- **Quantitative Investment Approach Risk:** The Fund utilizes a quantitative investment approach. While the Adviser continuously reviews and refines, if necessary, its investment approach, there may be market conditions where the quantitative investment approach performs poorly.
- **Liquidity Risk:** Liquidity risk is the risk, due to certain investments trading in lower volumes or to market and economic conditions, that the Fund may be unable to find a buyer for its investments when it seeks to sell them or to receive the price it expects based on the Fund's valuation of the investments. Events that may lead to increased redemptions, such as market disruptions, may also negatively impact the liquidity of the Fund's investments when it needs to dispose of them. If the Fund is forced to sell its investments at an unfavorable time and/or under adverse conditions in order to meet redemption requests, such sales could negatively affect the Fund. Liquidity issues may also make it difficult to value the Fund's investments.

As a result, the Fund is a suitable investment only for those investors who have long-term investment goals. Prospective investors who are uncomfortable with an investment that may decrease in value should not invest in the Fund.

Performance Information

The bar chart and table that follow provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in its performance from year to year and how its average annual returns over various periods compare to the performance with those of an index that reflects a broad measure of market performance, as well as additional indices that reflect the performance of investments similar to those of the Fund. For additional information on the indices, please see "Index Descriptions" in the Prospectus. Please remember that the Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of its future performance. It may perform better or worse in the future. Updated performance information is available on the Fund's website, www.funds.leutholdgroup.com.

Leuthold Select Industries Fund Total Return (per calendar year)



Note: During the ten-year period shown on the bar chart, the Fund's highest total return for a quarter was 18.92% (quarter ended September 30, 2009) and the lowest total return for a quarter was -23.51% (quarter ended September 30, 2011).

Average Annual Total Returns (for the periods ended December 31, 2018)

	Past Year	Past Five Years	Past Ten Years
Leuthold Select Industries Fund (LSLTX)			
Return Before Taxes	(11.89)%	5.47%	8.75%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	(13.62)%	4.75%	8.36%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	(5.56)%	4.32%	7.21%
S&P 500® Index	(4.38)%	8.49%	13.12%
Russell 2000® Index	(11.01)%	4.41%	11.97%
Lipper Multi-Cap Core Funds Index	(7.72)%	6.25%	12.33%

We use the Russell 2000® Index and Lipper Multi-Cap Core Funds Index because those indices compare the Fund's performance with the returns of indices reflecting the performance of investments similar to those of the Fund.

The after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The Fund's return after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares may be higher than the other return figures for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of Fund shares.

Investment Adviser

Leuthold Weeden Capital Management is the investment adviser to the Fund.

Portfolio Managers

Chun Wang, CFA, Greg M. Swenson, CFA, and Scott D. Opsal, CFA, are the portfolio managers of the Fund. Mr. Wang is a portfolio manager of the Adviser and has been a senior analyst of The Leuthold Group since 2009. Mr. Swenson is a portfolio manager of the Adviser and has been a senior analyst of The Leuthold Group since 2006. Mr. Opsal is a portfolio manager of the Adviser and has been Director of Research and Equities of The Leuthold Group since 2016.

For important information about purchase and sale of Fund shares, tax information, and payments to financial intermediaries, please turn to “Important Additional Fund Information” on page 25 of this Prospectus.

Leuthold Global Industries Fund

Investment Objective

Leuthold Global Industries Fund seeks capital appreciation and dividend income.

Fund Fees and Expenses

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

	Retail (LGINX)	Institutional (LGIIX)
Shareholder Fees		
<i>(fees paid directly from your investment)</i>		
Maximum Sales Charge (Load)		
Imposed on Purchases	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends and Distributions	None	None
Redemption Fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed within 5 business days of purchase)	2%	2%
Exchange Fee (as a percentage of amount exchanged within 5 business days of purchase)	2%	2%
Annual Fund Operating Expenses		
<i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>		
Management Fees	1.00%	1.00%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.25%	None
Other Expenses	1.35%	1.35%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	2.60%	2.35%
Expense Reimbursement	1.10% ¹	1.10% ¹
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses after Expense Reimbursement	1.50%	1.25%

¹ The Fund's investment adviser has contractually agreed in the investment advisory agreement to waive its advisory fees to the extent necessary to insure that Net Expenses (excluding Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses) do not exceed 1.50% and 1.25% of the average daily net assets of the Fund for the Retail and Institutional Shares, respectively. The investment advisory agreement may be terminated by the Fund or the Fund's investment adviser for any reason upon sixty days' prior written notice, but is expected to continue indefinitely. In any of the following three fiscal years, the Fund's investment adviser may recover waived fees, but in no event may the Fund's expenses exceed the expense limitations above.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of these periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
Retail (LGINX)	\$153	\$704	\$1,282	\$2,853
Institutional (LGIIX)	\$127	\$628	\$1,155	\$2,602

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 101.26%.

Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

Normally, the Fund will invest at least 40% of its assets in securities from non-U.S. securities markets (the Fund refers to these markets as "international markets"), unless market conditions are not deemed favorable by the Fund's investment adviser (Adviser), in which case the Fund may invest less than 40% of its assets in securities from international markets (but in any event not less than 30%). The Fund differs from the Leuthold Global Fund because the Leuthold Global Fund is a "flexible" fund that allocates its investments among equity securities, fixed-income securities, and money market instruments, while the Fund invests in equity securities.

The Fund's investments in common stocks and other equity securities (which include preferred stocks, convertible preferred stocks, warrants, options, and American Depository Receipts) may consist of the following from around the world:

- Large, mid, or small capitalization common stocks;
- Growth stocks, value stocks, or cyclical stocks;
- Aggressive stocks or defensive stocks;
- Stocks in any industry or sector;
- Equity mutual funds and exchange-traded funds; and
- Put and call options on any securities in which the Fund may invest.

In investing in common stocks and other equity securities, the Fund utilizes a disciplined, unemotional, quantitative investment approach that is based on the belief investors can achieve superior investment performance through group selection (Global Group Strategy).

The Adviser currently monitors about 90 global groups. The major types of groups the Adviser monitors are Industry Specific Groups comprised of narrower themes. Examples include "Airlines," "Health Care Facilities" or "Semiconductors".

In selecting among equity securities within the global groups, the Fund looks for companies that are financially sound with good prospects for the future. It will invest in domestic and foreign companies of all sizes and industries as well as in "growth" stocks and "value" stocks. The Fund sells companies that no longer meet its investment criteria, or if better investment opportunities are available. In addition, the Adviser continuously updates its investment discipline and adjusts the Fund's portfolio as necessary to keep the Fund invested in stocks in those groups which the Adviser believes are the most attractive. As a result, the Fund may engage in active and frequent trading, and the portfolio turnover of the Fund may be high.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

Investors in the Fund may lose money. The principal risks of investing in the Fund, including the risks to which the Fund's portfolio as a whole is subject and the circumstances reasonably likely to affect adversely the Fund's performance, are summarized below.

- **Market Risk:** The prices of the securities, particularly the common stocks, in which the Fund invests may decline for a number of reasons. The price declines of common stocks, in particular, may be steep, sudden, and/or prolonged. In the past decade financial markets throughout the world have experienced increased volatility and heightened uncertainty.
- **Foreign Securities Risk:** The securities of foreign issuers may be less liquid and more volatile than securities of comparable U.S. issuers. The costs associated with securities transactions are often higher in foreign countries than the U.S. The U.S. dollar value of foreign securities traded in foreign currencies (and any dividends and interest earned) held by the Fund or by mutual funds in which the Fund invests may be affected unfavorably by changes in foreign currency exchange rates. An increase in the U.S. dollar relative to these other currencies will adversely affect the Fund. Additionally, investments in foreign securities, even those publicly traded in the United States, may involve risks which are in addition to those inherent in domestic investments. Foreign companies may be subject to significantly higher levels of taxation than U.S. companies, including potentially confiscatory levels of taxation, thereby reducing the earnings potential of such foreign companies. Substantial withholding taxes may apply to distributions from foreign companies. Foreign companies may not be subject to the same regulatory requirements of U.S. companies, and as a consequence, there may be less publicly available information about such companies. Policy and legislative changes in foreign countries and other events affecting global markets, such as the United Kingdom's expected exit from the European Union (or Brexit), may contribute to decreased liquidity and increased volatility in the financial markets. Also, foreign companies may not be subject to uniform accounting, auditing, and financial reporting standards and requirements

comparable to those applicable to U.S. companies. Foreign governments and foreign economies often are less stable than the U.S. government and the U.S. economy.

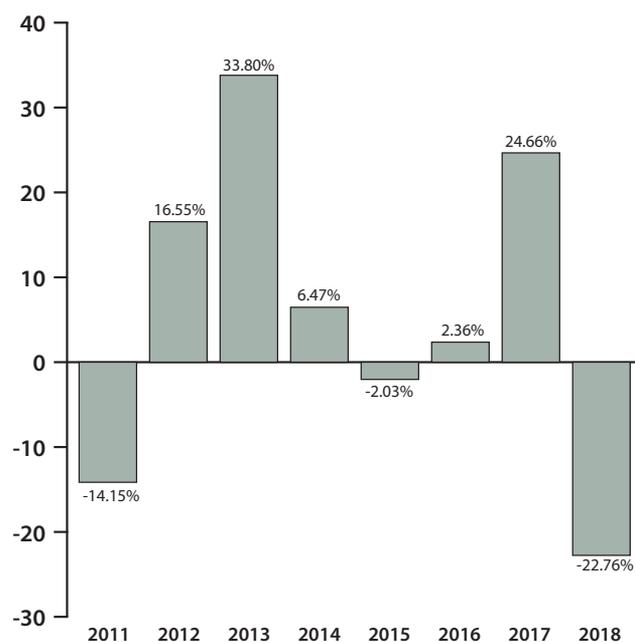
- **High Portfolio Turnover Risk:** The Fund’s annual portfolio turnover rate may exceed 100%. (Generally speaking, a turnover rate of 100% occurs when the Fund replaces securities valued at 100% of its average net assets within a one year period.) High portfolio turnover (100% or more) will result in the Fund incurring more transaction costs such as brokerage commissions or mark-ups or mark-downs. Payment of those transaction costs reduces total return. High portfolio turnover could result in the payment by the Fund’s stockholders of increased taxes on realized gains. Distributions to the Fund’s stockholders, to the extent they are short-term capital gains, will be taxed at ordinary income rates for federal income tax purposes, rather than at lower capital gains rates.
- **Quantitative Investment Approach Risk:** The Fund utilizes a quantitative investment approach. While the Adviser continuously reviews and refines, if necessary, its investment approach, there may be market conditions where the quantitative investment approach performs poorly.
- **Liquidity Risk:** Liquidity risk is the risk, due to certain investments trading in lower volumes or to market and economic conditions, that the Fund may be unable to find a buyer for its investments when it seeks to sell them or to receive the price it expects based on the Fund’s valuation of the investments. Events that may lead to increased redemptions, such as market disruptions, may also negatively impact the liquidity of the Fund’s investments when it needs to dispose of them. If the Fund is forced to sell its investments at an unfavorable time and/or under adverse conditions in order to meet redemption requests, such sales could negatively affect the Fund. Liquidity issues may also make it difficult to value the Fund’s investments.

As a result, the Fund is a suitable investment only for those investors who have long-term investment goals. Prospective investors who are uncomfortable with an investment that may decrease in value should not invest in the Fund.

Performance Information

The bar chart and table that follow provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in its performance from year to year and how its average annual returns over various periods compare with those of an index that reflects a broad measure of market performance, as well as additional indices that reflect the performance of investments similar to those of the Fund. For additional information on the indices, please see “Index Descriptions” in the Prospectus. The bar chart shows the performance of the Fund’s Retail Class shares, and performance of the Fund’s Institutional Class shares will differ from those shown to the extent that the classes of shares do not have the same expenses or inception date. Please remember that the Fund’s past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of its future performance. It may perform better or worse in the future. Updated performance information is available on the Fund’s website, www.funds.leutholdgroup.com.

Leuthold Global Industries Fund Total Return of the Retail Shares (per calendar year)



Note: During the eight-year period shown on the bar chart, the Fund’s highest total return for a quarter was 12.31% (quarter ended March 31, 2012) and the lowest total return for a quarter was -23.34% (quarter ended September 30, 2011).

Average Annual Total Returns

(for the periods ended December 31, 2018)

	Past Year	Past Five Years	Since Inception
Leuthold Global Industries Fund (Retail – LGINX)			
Return Before Taxes	(22.76)%	0.56%	6.28%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	(25.07)%	(0.96)%	5.35%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares	(11.49)%	0.55%	5.15%
Leuthold Global Industries Fund (Institutional – LGIIX)			
Return Before Taxes	(22.53)%	0.81%	6.56%
S&P 500® Index	(4.38)%	8.49%	11.92%
MSCI All Country World Index	(9.42)%	4.26%	7.76%
Lipper Global Multi-Cap Value Index	(12.27)%	2.02%	7.00%

The inception date for Retail Shares and Institutional shares is May 17, 2010.

We use the MSCI All Country World Index and Lipper Global Multi-Cap Value Index because those indices compare the Fund's performance with the returns of indices reflecting the performance of investments similar to those of the Fund.

The after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The Fund's return after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares may be higher than the other return figures for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of Fund shares.

Investment Adviser

Leuthold Weeden Capital Management is the investment adviser to the Fund.

Portfolio Managers

Greg M. Swenson, CFA, Chun Wang, CFA, and Scott D. Opsal, CFA, are the portfolio managers of the Fund. Mr. Swenson is a portfolio manager of the Adviser and has been a senior analyst of The Leuthold Group since 2006. Mr. Wang is a portfolio manager of the Adviser and has been a senior analyst of The Leuthold Group since 2009. Mr. Opsal is a portfolio manager of the Adviser and has been Director of Research and Equities of The Leuthold Group since 2016.

For important information about purchase and sale of Fund shares, tax information, and payments to financial intermediaries, please turn to "Important Additional Fund Information" on page 25 of this Prospectus.

Grizzly Short Fund

Investment Objective

Grizzly Short Fund (GRZZX) seeks capital appreciation.

Fund Fees and Expenses

The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

Shareholder Fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum Sales Charge (Load)	
Imposed on Purchases	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends and Distributions	None
Redemption Fee	None
Exchange Fee	None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	1.25%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses	<u>1.54%</u>
Service Fees	0.10%
Dividends on Securities Sold Short	0.11%
All Remaining Other Expenses	0.18%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.15% ¹
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	<u>2.79%</u>

¹ Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are not directly borne by the Fund, and they are not reflected in the Fund's financial statements, with the result that the information presented in the expense table may differ from that presented in the financial highlights.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of these periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

<u>One Year</u>	<u>Three Years</u>	<u>Five Years</u>	<u>Ten Years</u>
\$282	\$865	\$1,474	\$3,119

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 0.00% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

Grizzly Short Fund sells stocks short. Short selling involves the sale of borrowed securities. When the Fund sells a stock short, it incurs an obligation to replace the stock borrowed at whatever its price may be at the time it purchases the stock for delivery to the securities lender. The Fund will realize a gain if at that time the price of the stock is less than the price of the stock when it was sold short, and will realize a loss if at that time the price of the stock is greater than the price of the stock when it was sold short. The aggregate amount of its outstanding securities sold short typically will be approximately equal to, or slightly less than, its net assets. When the Fund's outstanding securities sold short equal its net assets, it is "100% short." The Fund utilizes a disciplined, unemotional, quantitative investment approach.

The Fund believes that in all market conditions there will exist some companies whose stocks are overvalued by the market and that capital appreciation can be realized by selling short those stocks. However, the best overall results typically will be achieved in declining stock markets. In rising stock markets the risk of loss is likely.

The Fund generally will have outstanding approximately 60 to 100 stocks that it has sold short. The Fund may increase the number of stocks it sells short if market conditions warrant an increase. In determining which stocks to sell short, Leuthold Weeden Capital Management (referred to as the Adviser) calculates a quantitative index for each security that it follows that is designed to identify those securities that are most likely to decline in price or underperform the market (the “Vulnerability Index”). In calculating a Vulnerability Index, the Adviser considers twelve or more components. Some of the components include fundamental factors such as earnings growth or dividends, while other components consider market factors such as institutional trading activity or insider buying or selling. From time to time the Fund may sell short index-related securities. The Fund will do so to rapidly increase its short position.

The Fund also follows a disciplined approach in determining when to cover its securities sold short. The factors the Adviser considers in determining when to cover securities sold short include:

- Price movements of the stocks sold short;
- Changes in the Vulnerability Index;
- Daily trading volume of the stock; and
- News and articles concerning the stock appearing in financial services and publications.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

Investors in the Fund may lose money. The principal risks of investing in the Fund, including the risks to which the Fund’s portfolio as a whole is subject and the circumstances reasonably likely to affect adversely the Fund’s performance, are summarized as follows:

- **Market Risk:** The prices of the securities, particularly the common stocks, in which the Fund invests may decline for a number of reasons. The price declines of common stocks, in particular, may be steep, sudden, and/or prolonged. As the Fund’s principal investment strategy is to sell stocks short, it may be difficult for the Fund to achieve its goal in rising stock markets. In the past decade financial markets throughout the world have experienced increased volatility and heightened uncertainty.
- **Short Sales Risk:** The Fund will suffer a loss if it sells a security short and the value of the security rises rather than falls. It is possible that the Fund’s long positions will decline in value at the same time that the value of its securities sold short increase, thereby increasing potential losses to the Fund. Short sales expose the Fund to the risk that it will be required to buy the security sold short (also known as “covering” the short position) at a time when the security has appreciated in value, thus resulting in a loss to the Fund. The Fund’s investment performance will also suffer if it is required to close out a short position earlier than it had intended. In addition, the Fund may be subject to expenses related to short sales that are not typically associated with investing in securities directly, such as costs of borrowing and margin account maintenance costs associated with the Fund’s open securities sold short. These expenses may negatively impact the performance of the Fund. Securities sold short introduce more risk to the Fund than long positions (purchases) because the maximum sustainable loss on a security purchased (held long) is limited to the amount paid for the security plus the transaction costs, whereas there is no maximum attainable price of the shorted security. Therefore, in theory, securities sold short have unlimited risk.
- **Rising Stock Market Risk:** The Fund typically will be approximately “100% short.” Accordingly, in rising stock markets its risk of loss will be greater than in declining stock markets. Over time stock markets have risen more often than they have declined.

- **Smaller and Medium Capitalization Companies Risk:** The securities of smaller capitalization companies are generally riskier than larger capitalization companies since they don't have the financial resources or the well established businesses of the larger companies. Generally, the share prices of stocks of smaller capitalization companies are more volatile than those of larger capitalization companies. The returns of stocks of smaller capitalization companies may vary, sometimes significantly, from the returns of the overall market. Smaller capitalization companies tend to perform poorly during times of economic stress. Finally, relative to large company stocks, the stocks of smaller capitalization companies may be thinly traded, and purchases and sales may result in higher transaction costs. The securities of medium capitalization companies generally trade in lower volumes than those of large capitalization companies and tend to be more volatile because mid-cap companies tend to be more susceptible to adverse business or economic events than larger more established companies.
- **High Portfolio Turnover Risk:** The Fund's annual portfolio turnover rate may exceed 100%. (Generally speaking, a turnover rate of 100% occurs when the Fund replaces securities valued at 100% of its average net assets within a one year period.) High portfolio turnover (100% or more) will result in the Fund incurring more transaction costs such as brokerage commissions or mark-ups or mark-downs. Payment of those transaction costs reduces total return. High portfolio turnover could result in the payment by the Fund's stockholders of increased taxes on realized gains. Distributions to the Fund's stockholders, to the extent they are short-term capital gains, will be taxed at ordinary income rates for federal income tax purposes, rather than at lower capital gains rates. Industry practice is to calculate the turnover ratio only on the Fund's long portfolio. If securities sold short were also included in this calculation, the Fund's turnover ratio would likely be higher.
- **Quantitative Investment Approach Risk:** The Fund utilizes a quantitative investment approach. While the Adviser continuously reviews and refines, if necessary, its investment approach, there may be market conditions where the quantitative investment approach performs poorly.
- **Liquidity Risk:** Liquidity risk is the risk, due to certain investments trading in lower volumes or to market and economic conditions, that the Fund may be unable to find a buyer for its investments when it seeks to sell them or to receive the price it expects based on the Fund's valuation of the investments. Events that may lead to increased redemptions, such as market disruptions, may also negatively impact the liquidity of the Fund's investments when it needs to dispose of them. If the Fund is forced to sell its investments at an unfavorable time and/or under adverse conditions in order to meet redemption requests, such sales could negatively affect the Fund. Liquidity issues may also make it difficult to value the Fund's investments.

Investors who wish to hedge some or all of their stock portfolios might find that investment goal consistent with an investment in the Fund.

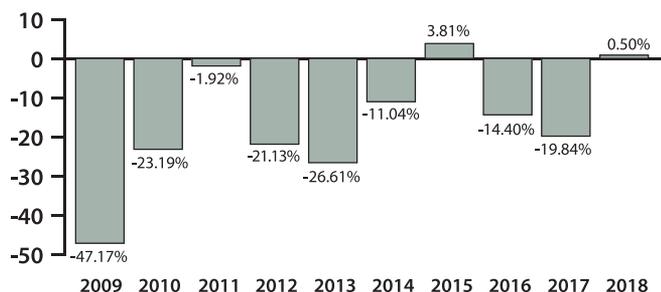
However, because movements in the prices of the stocks the Fund has sold short are unlikely to correlate perfectly with the stocks in an investor's portfolio, such an investor could incur both a loss on the investor's stock portfolio and the investor's investment in the Fund.

Performance Information

The bar chart and table that follow provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in its performance from year to year and how its average annual returns over various periods compare with those of an index that reflects a broad measure of market performance, as well as additional indices that reflect the performance of investments similar to those of the Fund. For additional information on the indices, please see "Index Descriptions" in the Prospectus. Please remember that

the Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of its future performance. It may perform better or worse in the future. Updated performance information is available on the Fund's website, www.funds.leutholdgroup.com.

Grizzly Short Fund Total Return (per calendar year)



Note: During the ten-year period shown on the bar chart, the Fund's highest total return for a quarter was 23.30% (quarter ended September 30, 2011) and the lowest total return for a quarter was -26.55% (quarter ended June 30, 2009).

Average Annual Total Returns (for the periods ended December 31, 2018)

	Past Year	Past Five Years	Past Ten Years
Grizzly Short Fund (GRZZX)			
Return Before Taxes	0.50%	(8.63)%	(17.47)%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	0.50%	(8.63)%	(17.47)%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	0.29%	(6.28)%	(9.97)%
S&P 500® Index	(4.38)%	8.49%	13.12%
S&P MidCap 400® Index	(11.08)%	6.03%	13.68%
Lipper Dedicated Short Bias Funds Index	7.72%	(13.50)%	(19.97)%

We use the S&P MidCap 400® Index and Lipper Dedicated Short Bias Funds Index because those indices compare the Fund's performance with the returns of indices reflecting the performance of investments similar to those of the Fund.

The after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. The Fund's return after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares may be higher than the other return figures for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of Fund shares.

Investment Adviser

Leuthold Weeden Capital Management is the investment adviser to the Fund.

Portfolio Managers

Greg M. Swenson, CFA, and Kristen J. Perleberg, CFA, are the portfolio managers of the Fund. Mr. Swenson is a portfolio manager of the Adviser and has been a senior analyst of The Leuthold Group since 2006. Ms. Perleberg is a portfolio manager of the Adviser, has been a senior analyst of The Leuthold Group since 2015, an analyst of The Leuthold Group between 2010-2015, and was a trader with The Leuthold Group from 2007-2010.

For important information about purchase and sale of Fund shares, tax information, and payments to financial intermediaries, please turn to "Important Additional Fund Information" on page 25 of this Prospectus.

IMPORTANT ADDITIONAL FUND INFORMATION

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

To purchase shares of the Funds, you should contact your broker-dealer or other financial intermediary, or to purchase shares directly with the Leuthold Funds, you should call 1-800-273-6886. You may buy shares of the Funds each day the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) is open. The minimum initial investment in a Fund's shares (other than Institutional Class shares) is \$10,000, \$1,000 for Individual Retirement Accounts. The minimum initial investment in a Fund's Institutional Class shares is \$1,000,000. There is a \$100 subsequent investment requirement for all of the Funds. A \$50 minimum exists for each additional investment made through the Automatic Investment Plan for all Funds.

You may redeem shares of the Funds each day the NYSE is open. You may redeem Fund shares by mail (Leuthold Funds, Inc., c/o U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, P.O. Box 701, Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701), or by telephone at 1-800-273-6886. Investors who wish to redeem shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary should contact the intermediary regarding the hours during which orders to redeem shares of the Funds may be placed.

Tax Information

A Fund's distributions generally will be taxable to you, whether they are paid in cash or reinvested in Fund shares, unless you invest through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account, in which case such distributions may be taxable at a later date.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase the Funds through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Funds and their related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other financial intermediary and your salesperson to

recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's Internet website for more information.

OTHER INFORMATION ABOUT PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGIES, AND NON-PRINCIPAL RISKS

The Leuthold Core Investment Fund and the Leuthold Global Fund seek capital appreciation and income (or "total return"). The Adviser believes that maintaining profits when markets decline is as important as earning profits when markets rise. The Leuthold Select Industries Fund and the Grizzly Short Fund seek capital appreciation. The Leuthold Global Industries Fund seeks capital appreciation and dividend income.

Each Fund's investment objective, including, if applicable, its policy of investing at least 80% of the value of its net assets in the particular type of investments suggested by the Fund's name, is a non-fundamental policy. If the Fund's Board of Directors determines to change this non-fundamental policy, the Fund will provide 60 days prior notice to the stockholders before implementing the change of policy. Please remember that an investment objective is not a guarantee. An investment in each Fund might not appreciate and investors could lose money.

Neither of the Leuthold Select Industries Fund or the Grizzly Short Fund will take temporary defensive positions. Although neither of these Funds will take a temporary defensive position, each Fund will invest in money market instruments (like U.S. Treasury Bills, commercial paper, or repurchase agreements) and hold some cash so that it can pay expenses and satisfy redemption requests. Because the Grizzly Short Fund's principal investment strategy is to effect short sales, a significant portion of its assets will be held in liquid securities, including money market instruments, as "cover" for its short sales. Typically the obligations associated with the Grizzly Short Fund's outstanding short sales will be approximately equal to the Grizzly Short Fund's investments in money market instruments.

Unlike the Leuthold Select Industries Fund and the Grizzly Short Fund, the Leuthold Core Investment Fund, the Leuthold Global Fund, and the Leuthold Global Industries Fund may, in response to adverse market, economic, political, or other conditions, take temporary defensive positions. A Fund may not be able to achieve its investment objective when it takes a temporary defensive position. This means that these Funds may invest more than 20% of their assets in money market instruments (like U.S. Treasury Bills, commercial paper, or repurchase agreements). None of these Funds will seek capital appreciation to the extent that it invests in money market instruments since these securities earn interest but do not appreciate in value. When these Funds are not taking a temporary defensive position, they still may hold some cash and money market instruments so that they can pay their expenses, satisfy redemption requests, take advantage of investment opportunities, or as part of their normal asset allocation process. A description of how the Funds allocate their assets, if applicable, and make individual securities selections follows.

How Leuthold Core Investment Fund Allocates Assets

The Adviser allocates the Leuthold Core Investment Fund's investments among asset classes as follows:

First, the absolute, or stand-alone, investment appeal of each major asset class is evaluated with models containing inputs that are typically unique to each respective asset class. For instance, The Leuthold Group's Major Trend Index is designed to identify the investment appeal of common stocks independent of either the price movements or valuation appeal of other asset classes.

Second, the relative investment appeal of major asset classes—stocks, bonds, real estate investment trusts, commodities, and cash—are evaluated based on a three-pronged model that considers long-term expected returns, cyclical conditions, and intermediate-term technical market action.

Finally, the Adviser considers the output of both the “relative” and “absolute” sets of asset class models in continually adjusting asset allocation.

How Leuthold Core Investment Fund Makes Individual Security Selections

After the Adviser has determined the appropriate allocations among asset classes, it selects individual investments as follows:

For investments in bonds and debt securities (other than money market instruments), the Adviser will first compare the anticipated returns and risks of U.S. Treasury Notes and Bonds, foreign government debt securities (without limitation as to rating), and corporate fixed-income securities (without limitation as to rating) and determine how much to invest in each sector. Next, the Adviser will consider interest rate trends and economic indicators to determine the desired maturity of the portfolio of debt securities for the Leuthold Core Investment Fund. The Fund may invest indirectly in fixed-income securities by investing in mutual funds, exchange-traded funds, or closed-end investment companies which invest in such securities. It may do so to obtain a diversified exposure to high yield or “junk” bonds.

For the Leuthold Core Investment Fund's investments in common stocks and other equity securities, the Adviser uses the Select Industries Strategy.

In addition to investing in individual stocks, the Leuthold Core Investment Fund may invest in mutual funds, exchange-traded funds, unit investment trusts, or closed-end investment companies which invest in a specific category of common stocks. The Leuthold Core Investment Fund may do so to obtain (a) exposure to international equity markets by investing in international funds, (b) increased exposure to a particular industry by investing in a sector fund, or (c) a broad exposure to small capitalization stocks by investing in small cap funds.

How Leuthold Global Fund Allocates Assets

The Adviser allocates the Fund's investments among the three asset classes as follows:

First, the Adviser analyzes the global bond market with the goal of determining the risks and returns that debt securities issued by governments and companies in the United States and in foreign countries present over the next one to five years.

Next, the Adviser assesses the probability that common stocks of United States and foreign companies as an asset class will perform better than the global bond market. In doing so, it considers The Leuthold Group's Major Trend Index. This proprietary index is evaluated weekly by The Leuthold Group.

Finally, the Adviser implements the asset allocation strategy. In doing so, the Adviser may purchase put or call options on stock indexes or engage in short sales of index-related and other securities to adjust the exposure of the Fund.

How Leuthold Global Fund and Leuthold Global Industries Fund Make Individual Security Selections

For the Leuthold Global Fund's investments in bonds and debt securities (other than money market instruments), the Adviser will first compare the anticipated returns and risks of U.S. government debt securities, foreign government debt securities (without limitation as to rating), and domestic and foreign corporate fixed-income securities (without limitation as to rating) and determine how much to invest in each sector. Next, the Adviser will consider interest rate trends and economic indicators to determine the desired maturity of the portfolio of debt securities for the Fund. The Fund may invest indirectly in fixed-income securities by investing in mutual funds, exchange-traded funds, or closed-end investment companies which invest in such securities. It may do so to obtain a diversified exposure to high yield or "junk" bonds.

For the Leuthold Global Fund's and the Leuthold Global Industries Fund's investments in common stocks and other equity securities, the Adviser uses the Global Group Strategy as well as other quantitative investment strategies.

The Leuthold Global Fund may invest in mutual funds, exchange-traded funds, unit investment trusts, or closed-end investment companies which invest in a specific category of common stocks. The Fund may do so to obtain (a) exposure to certain foreign markets by investing in international funds, (b) increased exposure to a particular industry by investing in a sector fund, or (c) a broad exposure to small

capitalization stocks by investing in small cap funds.

The Leuthold Global Industries Fund may purchase shares of registered investment companies to temporarily gain exposure to a portion of the U.S. or a foreign market while awaiting purchase of underlying securities, or as a convenient means to gain diversified exposure to a U.S. or foreign market. The Fund's investment in registered investment companies may not exceed 25% of the Fund's net assets.

Non-Principal Risks for Leuthold Core Investment Fund and Leuthold Global Fund

There are a number of non-principal risks associated with the various securities in which the Leuthold Core Investment Fund and the Leuthold Global Fund (unless otherwise noted) will at times invest. These include:

Risks associated with Zero-Coupon U.S. Treasury Securities. Zero-coupon U.S. Treasury securities are U.S. Treasury Notes and Bonds that have been stripped of their unmatured interest coupons by the U.S. Department of Treasury. Zero-coupon U.S. Treasury securities are generally subject to greater fluctuation in value in response to changing interest rates than debt obligations that pay interest currently.

Risks associated with Small Cap Stocks. Stocks of smaller capitalization companies tend to be riskier investments than stocks of larger capitalization companies. Smaller capitalization companies may have limited product lines, markets, market share, and financial resources or they may be dependent on a small or inexperienced management team. Stocks of smaller capitalization companies may trade less frequently and in more limited volume and may be subject to greater and more abrupt price swings than stocks of larger companies.

Risks associated with High Yield Securities. These Funds may invest directly or indirectly in high yield securities, including high yield debt instruments of foreign corporations. High yield securities (or "junk bonds") provide greater income and opportunity for gains than higher-rated securities but entail greater risk of loss of principal. High yield securities are predominantly speculative with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal in

accordance with the terms of the obligation. The market for high yield securities is generally less active than the market for higher quality securities. This may limit the ability of the Funds, or investment companies in which they invest, to sell high yield securities at the price at which it is being valued for purposes of calculating net asset value.

Risks associated with purchasing Put and Call Options. If one of these Funds purchases a put or call option and does not exercise or sell it prior to the option's expiration date, the Fund will realize a loss in the amount of the entire premium paid, plus commission costs. It is possible, although not likely, that there may be times when a market for the Funds' outstanding options does not exist.

Additional costs associated with Registered Investment Companies. When one of the Funds invests in a mutual fund or exchange-traded fund, the Fund's stockholders bear not only their proportionate share of the expenses of the Fund (such as operating costs and investment advisory fees) but also, indirectly, similar expenses of the other funds in which the Fund invests.

Risks associated with investing in Metals. Each of the Funds may invest directly in metals such as aluminum, copper, zinc, lead, nickel, tin, silver, palladium, and other industrial and precious metals. In connection with such investments, the Fund may enter into agreements where it "pre-pays" for metals which are delivered at a later date ("Pre-Paid Physical Agreements"). The prices of such metals may be subject to substantial price fluctuations and may be affected by broad economic, financial, and political factors, including inflation, metal sales by governments or international agencies, speculation, changes in industrial and commercial demand, currency devaluations or revaluations, trade imbalances, and governmental prohibitions or restrictions. Further, investments in metals can present concerns such as delivery, storage and maintenance, possible illiquidity, and the unavailability of accurate market valuations. There is also the risk that parties that act as custodians for the metals held by the Fund or with which it has entered into Pre-Paid Physical Agreements may become insolvent and file for bankruptcy protection.

Risks associated with Commodity-Related Investments. The value of commodities investments will generally be affected by overall market movements and factors specific to a particular industry or commodity, which may include demand for the commodity, weather, embargoes, tariffs, and economic health, political, international, regulatory and other developments. Exposure to commodities and commodities markets may subject the value of a Fund's investments to greater volatility than other types of investments. Commodities investments may also subject a Fund to counterparty risk and liquidity risk.

Risks associated with Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs). Investments in REITs expose a Fund to risks similar to investing directly in real estate. REITs are characterized as equity REITs, mortgage REITs, and hybrid REITs, which combine the characteristics of both equity and mortgage REITs. The value of securities issued by REITs is affected by tax and regulatory requirements and by perceptions of management skill. They also may be affected by general economic conditions and are subject to heavy cash flow dependency, defaults by borrowers or tenants, self-liquidation at an economically disadvantageous time, and the possibility of failing to qualify for favorable tax treatment under applicable U.S. or foreign law and/or to maintain exempt status under the Investment Company Act.

Risks associated with Emerging Markets. Investing in emerging market countries involves certain risks not typically associated with investing in the United States, and imposes risks greater than, or in addition to, risks of investing in more developed foreign countries. See "Non-Principal Risks for Leuthold Global Industries Fund – Risks associated with Emerging Markets" below for a more detailed discussion of risks associated with emerging markets.

Non-Principal Risks for Leuthold Global Industries Fund

There are a number of non-principal risks associated with the various securities in which the Fund will at times invest. These include:

Risks associated with Small Cap Stocks. Stocks of smaller capitalization companies tend to be riskier investments than stocks of larger capitalization companies. Smaller capitalization companies may have limited product lines, markets, market share, and financial resources or they may be dependent on a small or inexperienced management team. Stocks of smaller capitalization companies may trade less frequently and in more limited volume and may be subject to greater and more abrupt price swings than stocks of larger companies.

Additional costs associated with Registered Investment Companies. When the Fund invests in a mutual fund or exchange-traded fund, the Fund's stockholders bear not only their proportionate share of the expenses of the Fund (such as operating costs and investment advisory fees) but also, indirectly, similar expenses of the other funds in which the Fund invests.

Risks associated with Emerging Markets. Investing in emerging market countries involves certain risks not typically associated with investing in the United States, and imposes risks greater than, or in addition to, risks of investing in more developed foreign countries. These risks include, but are not limited to, the following: greater risks of nationalization or expropriation of assets or confiscatory taxation; currency devaluations and other currency exchange rate fluctuations; greater social, economic, and political uncertainty and instability (including amplified risk of war and terrorism); more substantial government involvement in the economy; less government supervision and regulation of the securities markets and participants in those markets; controls on foreign investment and limitations on repatriation of invested capital and on the Fund's ability to exchange local currencies for U.S. dollars; unavailability of currency hedging techniques in certain emerging market countries; the fact that companies in emerging market countries may be smaller, less seasoned, and newly organized

companies; the difference in, or lack of, auditing and financial reporting standards, which may result in unavailability of material information about issuers; the risk that it may be more difficult to obtain and/or enforce a judgment in a court outside the United States; and greater price volatility, substantially less liquidity, and significantly smaller market capitalization of securities markets.

Risks associated with Derivatives. A small investment in derivatives could have a potentially large impact on the Fund's performance. The use of derivatives involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in the underlying assets. Derivatives can be highly volatile, illiquid, and difficult to value, and there is a risk that changes in the value of a derivative held by the Fund will not correlate with the Fund's other investments.

Non-Principal Risks for All Funds

The Funds are subject to the following non-principal risks:

Cybersecurity Risk. Cybersecurity incidents may allow an unauthorized party to gain access to Fund assets, customer data (including private stockholder information), or proprietary information, or cause a Fund, the Adviser and/or the Funds' service providers (including, but not limited to, Fund accountants, custodians, sub-custodians, transfer agents and financial intermediaries) to suffer data breaches, data corruption or lose operational functionality.

Redemption Risk. A Fund may experience periods of heavy redemptions that could cause the Fund to liquidate its assets at inopportune times or at a loss or depressed value, particularly during periods of declining or illiquid markets. Redemption risk is greater to the extent that a Fund has investors with large shareholdings, short investment horizons, or unpredictable cash flow needs. In addition, redemption risk is heightened during periods of overall market turmoil. The redemption by one or more large stockholders of their holdings in a Fund could hurt performance and/or cause the remaining stockholders in the Fund to lose money. If a Fund is forced to liquidate its assets under unfavorable conditions or at inopportune times, the value of your investment could decline.

Cash Management and Defensive Investing Risk.

The value of the investments held by a Fund for cash management or defensive investing purposes can fluctuate. If a Fund holds cash uninvested it will be subject to the credit risk of the depository institution holding the cash. If a Fund holds cash uninvested, the Fund will not earn income on the cash. If a significant amount of a Fund's assets are used for cash management or defensive investing purposes, it may not achieve its investment objective.

Disclosure of Portfolio Holdings

A description of the Funds' policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of each Fund's portfolio securities is available in the Funds' Statement of Additional Information.

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUNDS

Leuthold Weeden Capital Management Manages Each Fund's Investments

The Leuthold Group, LLC d/b/a Leuthold Weeden Capital Management is the investment adviser to each Fund. The Adviser's address is:

150 South Fifth Street
Suite 1700
Minneapolis, MN 55402

The Adviser is the successor to Leuthold & Anderson, Inc., which commenced operations in 1987, and Leuthold, Weeden & Associates, L.P., which commenced operations in 1991, and has been each Fund's only investment adviser. As the investment adviser to the Funds, the Adviser manages the investment portfolio for each Fund. It makes the decisions as to which securities to buy and which securities to sell. The following table identifies the annual investment advisory fee that each of the Funds pays to the Adviser:

Leuthold Core Investment Fund:	0.90%
Leuthold Global Fund:	0.90%
Leuthold Select Industries Fund:	1.00%
Leuthold Global Industries Fund:	1.00%
Grizzly Short Fund:	1.25%

A discussion regarding the basis for the Board of Directors approving each of the investment advisory agreements with the Adviser is available in the Funds' latest semi-annual report to stockholders for the period ending March 31.

The following table identifies the portfolio managers for each of the Funds. The portfolio managers are equally responsible for the day-to-day management of the Funds that they manage.

Fund	PMs
Leuthold Core Investment Fund	Douglas R. Ramsey, CFA Chun Wang, CFA Jun Zhu, CFA Greg M. Swenson, CFA
Leuthold Global Fund	Douglas R. Ramsey, CFA Chun Wang, CFA Greg M. Swenson, CFA
Leuthold Select Industries Fund	Chun Wang, CFA Greg M. Swenson, CFA Scott D. Opsal, CFA
Leuthold Global Industries Fund	Greg M. Swenson, CFA Chun Wang, CFA Scott D. Opsal, CFA
Grizzly Short Fund	Greg M. Swenson, CFA Kristen J. Perleberg, CFA

Mr. Ramsey is the chief investment officer and a portfolio manager of the Adviser, and has been a senior analyst of The Leuthold Group since 2005. Prior to joining The Leuthold Group, Mr. Ramsey served as the Chief Investment Officer for Treis Capital Management from 2004 to 2005. Mr. Ramsey served as a portfolio manager for Principal Global Investors from 1997 through 2003.

Mr. Wang is a portfolio manager of the Adviser and has been a senior analyst of The Leuthold Group since 2009. Prior to joining The Leuthold Group, Mr. Wang was a Quantitative Equities Portfolio Manager and Head of Quantitative Research at LIM Advisors, a Hong Kong based Asia-Pacific focused multi-strategy hedge fund from 2007-2009. Prior to that, Mr. Wang was with Ned Davis Research from 1996-2007, rising to the position of Director of Research and Development.

Ms. Zhu is a portfolio manager of the Adviser and has been a senior analyst of The Leuthold Group since 2008.

Mr. Swenson is a portfolio manager of the Adviser and has been a senior analyst of The Leuthold Group since 2006.

Ms. Perleberg is a portfolio manager of the Adviser, has been a senior analyst of The Leuthold Group since 2015, an analyst of The Leuthold Group from 2010-2015, and was a trader with The Leuthold Group from 2007-2010.

Mr. Opsal is a portfolio manager of the Adviser and has been Director of Research and Equities of The Leuthold Group since 2016. Prior to joining The Leuthold Group, Mr. Opsal was Director of the Applied Investments Program at the University of Wisconsin – Whitewater from 2011-2016. From 2003-2010, Mr. Opsal served as Head of Equities/Managing Director-Equities at Members Capital Advisors/Madison Investment Advisors.

The Statement of Additional Information for the Funds, which is incorporated by reference into this Prospectus, provides additional information about the portfolio managers' compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio managers, and the portfolio managers' ownership of securities in the Funds.

Service Plans

Each of the Leuthold Core Investment Fund, the Leuthold Select Industries Fund, and the Grizzly Short Fund has adopted a service plan pursuant to which it may pay fees of up to 0.25% of its average daily net assets to broker-dealers, financial institutions, or other service providers that provide services to investors in the Funds.

These services may include:

- assisting investors in processing purchase, exchange, and redemption requests;
- processing dividend and distribution payments from the Funds;
- providing information periodically to customers showing their positions in Fund shares;

- providing sub-accounting; and
- forwarding communications from the Funds to their stockholders.

Because these fees are paid out of a Fund's assets, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment.

12b-1 Plans

Each of the Leuthold Global Industries Fund (Retail Shares), and the Leuthold Global Fund (Retail Shares) has adopted a distribution plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act. This Plan allows each of the Funds to use up to 0.25% of its average daily net assets to pay sales, distribution, and other fees for the sale of its shares and for services provided to investors. Because these fees are paid out of a Fund's assets, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

The Institutional Shares of the Leuthold Global Industries Fund and the Leuthold Global Fund are not subject to any distribution (12b-1) fees.

THE FUNDS' SHARE PRICES

The price at which investors purchase shares of a Fund and at which stockholders redeem shares of a Fund is called its net asset value. Each Fund normally calculates its net asset value as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange (normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time) on each day the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading. The New York Stock Exchange is closed on holidays and weekends. Each Fund calculates its net asset value based on the market prices of the securities (other than money market instruments) it holds. If a Fund has portfolio securities that are primarily listed on foreign exchanges that trade on weekends or other days when the Fund does not price its shares, the net asset value of the Fund's shares may change on days when stockholders will not be able to purchase or redeem the Fund's shares.

If market quotations are not available or reliable, each Fund will value securities at their fair value pursuant to procedures established by and under the

supervision of its Board of Directors. The fair value of a security is the amount which the applicable Fund might reasonably expect to receive upon a current sale. The fair value of a security may differ from the last quoted price and the applicable Fund may not be able to sell a security at the fair value. Market quotations may not be available, for example, if trading in particular securities was halted during the day and not resumed prior to the close of trading on the New York Stock Exchange. Market quotations of foreign securities may not be reliable if events or circumstances that may affect the value of portfolio securities occur between the time of the market quotation and the close of trading on the New York Stock Exchange. The Funds value most money market instruments they hold at their amortized cost, which approximates fair market value. Amortized cost is not used if its use would be inappropriate due to credit or other impairments of the issuer, in which case such securities are fair valued.

With regard to foreign equity securities, the Funds may use a systematic fair valuation methodology provided by an independent pricing service to value foreign equity securities in order to capture events occurring between the time a foreign exchange closes and the close of the NYSE that may affect the value of the Funds' securities traded on foreign exchanges. The Board has approved the use of such independent pricing service. By fair valuing securities whose prices may have been affected by events occurring between the time a foreign exchange closes and the close of the NYSE, the Funds deter "arbitrage" market timers, who seek to exploit delays between the change in the value of a Fund's portfolio holdings and the net asset value of the Fund's shares, and seek to help ensure that the prices at which the Funds' shares are purchased and redeemed are fair.

Each Fund will process purchase orders that it receives and accepts and redemption orders that it receives prior to the close of regular trading on a day in which the New York Stock Exchange is open at the net asset value determined later that day. They will process purchase orders that they receive and accept and redemption orders that they receive after the close of regular trading at the net asset value determined at the close of regular trading on the next day the New York Stock Exchange is open.

PURCHASING SHARES

Shares of the Funds may be offered to only United States citizens and United States resident aliens having a social security number or individual tax identification number. This Prospectus should not be considered a solicitation or offering of Fund shares to non-U.S. citizens or non-resident aliens. As noted, investors generally must reside in the U.S. or its territories (which includes U.S. military APO or FPO addresses) and have a U.S. tax identification number.

How to Purchase Shares from the Funds

- Read this Prospectus carefully.
- Determine how much you want to invest, keeping in mind the following minimums. (The Funds reserve the right to waive or reduce the minimum initial investment amounts described below for purchases made through certain retirement, benefit, and pension plans, or for certain classes of stockholders):

New accounts

Leuthold Core Investment Fund (Institutional Class)	\$1,000,000
Leuthold Global Fund (Institutional Class)	\$1,000,000
Leuthold Global Industries Fund (Institutional Class)	\$1,000,000
Individual Retirement Accounts (other than Institutional Class)	\$1,000
Coverdell Education Savings Account	\$1,000
All other accounts	\$10,000*

*The Funds may, but are not required to, accept initial investments of not less than \$1,000 from investors who are related to, or affiliated with, stockholders who have invested \$10,000 in the Funds.

Existing accounts

Dividend reinvestment	No Minimum
Automatic Investment Plan	\$50
All other accounts	\$100

➤ Complete the Purchase Application accompanying this Prospectus, carefully following the instructions. For additional investments, complete the Additional Investment Form attached to your Fund's confirmation statements. (The Funds have additional Purchase Applications and Additional Investment Forms if you need them.) In compliance with the USA PATRIOT Act of 2001, please note that the Transfer Agent will verify certain information on your Account Application as part of the Funds' Anti-Money Laundering Program. As requested on the Application, you should supply your full name, date of birth, social security number, and permanent street address. The Fund might request additional information about you (which may include certain documents, such as articles of incorporation for companies) to help the transfer agent verify your identity. If you are opening the account in the name of a legal entity (e.g., partnership, limited liability company, business trust, corporation, etc.), you must also supply the identity of the beneficial owners. Mailing addresses containing only a P.O. Box will not be accepted. If the Transfer Agent does not have a reasonable belief of the identity of a stockholder, the account will be rejected or you will not be allowed to perform a transaction on the account until such information is received. The Funds may also reserve the right to close the account within 5 business days if clarifying information /documentation is not received. If you have any questions, please call 1-800-273-6886.

➤ Make your check payable to "Leuthold Core Investment Fund," "Leuthold Global Fund," "Leuthold Select Industries Fund," "Leuthold Global Industries Fund," and "Grizzly Short Fund," as applicable. All checks must be in U.S. dollars drawn on a domestic financial institution. The Funds will not accept payment in cash or money orders. To prevent check fraud, the Funds will not accept third party checks, treasury checks, credit card checks, traveler's checks, or starter checks for the purchase of shares. The Funds are unable to accept post dated checks or any conditional order or payment. **U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, doing business as U.S. Bank Global Fund Services, the Funds' transfer agent, will charge a \$25 fee against a stockholder's account**

for any payment check returned for any reason. The stockholder will also be responsible for any losses suffered by a Fund as a result.

Send the application and check to:

FOR FIRST CLASS MAIL

Leuthold Funds, Inc.
c/o U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC
P.O. Box 701
Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701

**FOR OVERNIGHT DELIVERY SERVICE
OR REGISTERED MAIL**

Leuthold Funds, Inc.
c/o U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC
777 East Wisconsin Avenue
Milwaukee, WI 53202-5207

Please do not mail letters by overnight delivery service or registered mail to the Post Office Box address.

If you are making an initial investment in the Funds, before you wire funds, please contact the transfer agent by phone (1-800-273-6886) to make arrangements with a telephone service representative to submit your completed application via mail, overnight delivery, or facsimile. Upon receipt of your application, your account will be established for you and a service representative will contact you to provide your new account number and wiring instructions. If you do not receive this information within one business day, you may call the Transfer Agent at the number above. You may then contact your bank to initiate the wire using the instructions you were given. Before sending any subsequent investments by wire, please contact the transfer agent to advise them of your intent to wire funds.

Funds should be wired to:

U.S. Bank, N.A.
777 East Wisconsin Ave.
Milwaukee, WI 53202
ABA #075000022

Credit:

U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC
Account #112-952-137

Further Credit:

(name of Fund to be purchased)
(stockholder registration)
(stockholder account number)

Please remember that U.S. Bank, N.A. must receive your wired funds prior to the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange for you to receive same day pricing. The Funds and U.S. Bank, N.A. are not responsible for the consequences of delays resulting from the banking or Federal Reserve Wire system, or from incomplete wiring instructions.

Choosing a Share Class for the Leuthold Core Investment Fund, the Leuthold Global Industries Fund, or the Leuthold Global Fund

Each of the Leuthold Core Investment Fund, the Leuthold Global Industries Fund, and the Leuthold Global Fund offer two classes of shares, Retail Shares and Institutional Shares. The two classes, which represent interests in the same portfolio of investments and have the same rights, differ primarily in the expenses to which they are subject and required investment minimums. Retail Shares of the Leuthold Global Industries Fund and the Leuthold Global Fund are subject to distribution (12b-1) fees of up to 0.25% of the applicable Fund's average daily net assets allocable to Retail Shares, whereas Institutional Shares are not subject to any distribution fees. With respect to Institutional Shares of the Leuthold Core Investment Fund, the Leuthold Global Fund, and the Leuthold Global Industries Fund held by financial intermediaries in omnibus accounts, these Funds may pay a fee in respect of the provision of sub-transfer and related services to beneficial owners in omnibus accounts maintained by such financial intermediaries with these Funds (Omnibus Account Fees); provided that the aggregate Omnibus Account Fees may not exceed 0.15% of the applicable Fund's average daily net assets allocable to Institutional Shares. Retail Shares of the Leuthold Core Investment Fund are subject to an annual service fee of up to 0.25% of the Fund's average daily net assets allocable to Retail Shares.

Retail Shares for open Funds are available for purchase by all types of investors. Institutional Shares are available only to stockholders who invest directly in the Leuthold Core Investment Fund, the Leuthold Global Industries Fund, or the Leuthold Global Fund or who invest through a broker-dealer, financial institution, or servicing agent that does not receive a

service fee from the Fund or the Adviser. There is also a higher minimum initial investment requirement with respect to Institutional Shares.

If you qualify as a purchaser of Institutional Shares, but your account is invested in Retail Shares, you may convert your Retail Shares to Institutional Shares, which have a lower expense ratio, based on the relative net asset values of the two Classes on the conversion date. This conversion feature is also available if you hold shares through a financial intermediary offering a fee-based or wrap fee program that has an agreement with the Adviser or the Funds' distributor that specifically allows such conversions. In such instance, your shares may be automatically converted under certain circumstances.

Purchasing Shares from Broker-Dealers, Financial Institutions, and Others

Some broker-dealers may sell shares of the Funds. These broker-dealers may charge investors a fee either at the time of purchase or redemption. The fee, if charged, is retained by the broker-dealer and not remitted to the Funds or the Adviser. Some broker-dealers may purchase and redeem shares on a three day settlement basis.

The Funds may enter into agreements with broker-dealers, financial institutions, or other service providers ("Servicing Agents") that may include the Funds as investment alternatives in the programs they offer or administer. Depending on your Servicing Agent's arrangements with the Leuthold Core Investment Fund, the Leuthold Global Industries Fund, or the Leuthold Global Fund, you may qualify to purchase Institutional Shares, which are subject to lower ongoing expenses. Please see "Choosing a Share Class for the Leuthold Core Investment Fund, the Leuthold Global Industries Fund, or the Leuthold Global Fund" above for more information or contact your Servicing Agent. Servicing agents may:

- Become stockholders of record of the Funds. This means all requests to purchase additional shares and all redemption requests must be sent through the Servicing Agent. This also means that purchases made through Servicing Agents may not be subject to the Funds' minimum purchase requirement.

- Use procedures and impose restrictions that may be in addition to, or different from, those applicable to investors purchasing shares directly from the Funds. Please contact your Servicing Agent for information regarding cut-off times for trading the Funds.
- Charge fees to their customers for the services they provide them. Also, the Funds and/or the Adviser may pay fees to Servicing Agents to compensate them for the services they provide their customers.
- Be allowed to purchase shares by telephone with payment to follow the next day. If the telephone purchase is made prior to the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange, it will receive same day pricing.
- Be authorized to accept purchase orders on behalf of the Funds (and designate other Servicing Agents to accept purchase orders on behalf of the Funds). This means that the Funds will process the purchase order at the net asset value which is determined following the Servicing Agent's (or its designee's) acceptance of the customer's order.

If you decide to purchase shares through Servicing Agents, please carefully review the program materials provided to you by the Servicing Agent because particular Servicing Agents may adopt policies or procedures that are separate from those described in this Prospectus. Investors purchasing or redeeming through a servicing agent need to check with the servicing agent to determine whether the servicing agent has entered into an agreement with the Fund. When you purchase shares of the Funds through a Servicing Agent, it is the responsibility of the Servicing Agent to place your order with the Funds on a timely basis. If the Servicing Agent does not place the order on a timely basis, or if it does not pay the purchase price to the Funds within the period specified in its agreement with the Funds, it may be held liable for any resulting fees or losses.

The Funds and/or the Adviser may pay fees to Servicing Agents to compensate them for the services they provide their customers, to reimburse them for the marketing expenses they incur, or to pay for the opportunity to have them distribute the Funds. The amount of these payments is determined by the

Funds and/or the Adviser and may differ among Servicing Agents. Such payments may provide incentives for Servicing Agents to make shares of the Funds available to their customers, and may allow the Funds greater access to such Servicing Agents and their customers than would be the case if no payments were made. You may wish to consider whether such arrangements exist when evaluating any recommendation to purchase shares of the Funds.

Other Information about Purchasing Shares of the Funds

The Funds may reject any share purchase application or any purchase for any reason. The Funds will not accept initial purchase orders made by telephone, unless they are from a Servicing Agent which has an agreement with the Funds.

The Funds will not issue certificates evidencing shares purchased. Instead, the Funds will send investors a written confirmation for all purchases of shares.

The Funds offer an automatic investment plan allowing stockholders to make purchases, in amounts of \$50 or more, on a regular and convenient basis. To use this service, the stockholder must authorize the transfer of funds from their checking or savings account by completing the Automatic Investment Plan section of the Purchase Application and attaching either a voided check or pre-printed savings deposit slip. The Automatic Investment Plan must be implemented with a financial institution that is a member of the Automated Clearing House. The transfer agent is unable to debit mutual fund or pass through accounts. If your payment is rejected by your bank, the transfer agent will charge a \$25 fee to your account. Any request to change or terminate an Automatic Investment Plan should be submitted to the transfer agent five days prior to effective date.

The Funds offer a telephone purchase option for subsequent purchases provided your account has been open for at least 15 days, pursuant to which money will be moved from the stockholder's bank account to the stockholder's Fund account upon request. Only bank accounts held at domestic financial institutions that are Automated Clearing House (ACH) members can be used for telephone transactions. Fund shares are purchased at the net

asset value determined as of the close of regular trading on the day U.S. Bank Global Fund Services receives the purchase order. If an account has more than one owner or authorized person, the Fund will accept telephone instructions from any one owner or authorized person. The minimum transaction amount for a telephone purchase is \$100.

The Funds offer the following retirement plans:

Traditional IRA
Roth IRA
SEP IRA
Simple IRA

The Funds recommend that investors consult with a competent financial and tax advisor regarding the IRAs before investing through them. Investors can obtain further information about the automatic investment plan, the telephone purchase plan, and the IRAs by calling 1-800-273-6886.

Householding

To reduce expenses, the Funds generally mail only one copy of the Funds' prospectus and each annual and semi-annual report to those addresses shared by two or more accounts and to stockholders we reasonably believe are from the same family or household. This is referred to as "householding." If you wish to discontinue householding and receive individual copies of these documents, please call us at 1-800-273-6886. Once the Funds receive notice to stop householding, they will begin sending individual copies thirty days after receiving the request. This policy does not apply to account statements.

REDEEMING SHARES

How to Redeem (Sell) Shares by Mail

Prepare a letter of instruction containing:

- account number(s)
- the amount of money or number of shares being redeemed
- the name(s) on the account
- daytime phone number
- additional information that the Funds may require for redemptions by corporations, executors, administrators, trustees, guardians, or others who hold shares in a fiduciary or representative capacity. Please contact the Funds' transfer agent, U.S. Bank Global Fund Services, in advance, at 1-800-273-6886 if you have any questions.

Sign the letter of instruction exactly as the shares are registered. Joint ownership accounts must be signed by all owners.

A signature guarantee, from either Medallion program member or a non-Medallion program member, is required in the following situations:

- When redemption proceeds are payable or sent to any person, address, or bank account not on record.
- The redemption request is received within 30 calendar days after an address change.
- If ownership is changed on your account.

In addition to the situations described above, the Funds and/or the Transfer Agent reserve the right to either waive the signature guarantee requirements or require a signature guarantee in other instances, based on the circumstances related to the particular situation. Signature guarantees will generally be accepted from domestic banks, brokers, dealers, credit unions, national securities exchanges, registered securities associations, clearing agencies and savings associations, as well as from participants in the New York Stock Exchange Medallion Signature Program and the Securities Transfer Agent Medallion Program (STAMP).

A notarized signature is not an acceptable substitute for a signature guarantee.

Non-financial transactions including establishing or modifying certain services on an account may require a signature verification from a Signature Validation Program member or other acceptable form of authentication from a financial institution source. Send the letter of instruction to:

FOR FIRST CLASS MAIL

Leuthold Funds, Inc.
c/o U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC
P.O. Box 701
Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701

**FOR OVERNIGHT DELIVERY SERVICE
OR REGISTERED MAIL**

Leuthold Funds, Inc.
c/o U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC
777 East Wisconsin Avenue
Milwaukee, WI 53202-5207

Please do not mail letters by overnight delivery service or registered mail to the Post Office Box address.

How to Redeem (Sell) Shares by Telephone

Instruct U.S. Bank Global Fund Services that you want the option of redeeming shares by telephone. This can be done by completing the appropriate section on the Purchase Application. In order to arrange for telephone redemptions after an account has been opened or to change the bank account or address designated to receive redemption proceeds, a written request must be sent to the transfer agent. The request must be signed by each stockholder of the account and may require a signature guarantee. Further documentation may be requested from corporations, executors, administrators, trustees, and guardians.

Assemble the same information that you would include in the letter of instruction for a written redemption request. Once a telephone transaction has been placed, it cannot be canceled or modified after the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally, 4:00 p.m., Eastern time). If an account has

more than one owner or authorized person, the Fund will accept telephone instructions from any one owner or authorized person.

Call U.S. Bank Global Fund Services at 1-800-273-6886. **Please do not call the Funds or the Adviser.**

How to Redeem using a Systematic Withdrawal Plan

Instruct U.S. Bank Global Fund Services that you want to set up a Systematic Withdrawal Plan. This can be done by completing the appropriate section on the Purchase Application. You may choose to receive a minimum amount of \$100, generated from the redemption of shares in your account, on a monthly, quarterly or annual basis. If the withdrawal date selected is a non-business day, your withdrawal will be processed on the following business day. Payments can be made by check to your address of record, or by electronic funds transfer through the Automated Clearing House (ACH) network directly to your predetermined bank account. Your Fund account must have a minimum balance of \$10,000 to participate in this Plan. This Plan may be terminated at any time by the Funds and you may terminate the Plan by contacting U.S. Bank Global Fund Services in writing. Any notification of change or termination should be provided to the transfer agent in writing at least five days prior to effective date. The Systematic Withdrawal Plan is not available to holders of Institutional Shares of the Leuthold Core Investment Fund, the Leuthold Global Fund, or the Leuthold Global Industries Fund.

A withdrawal under the Plan involves a redemption of shares and may result in a gain or loss for federal income tax purposes. In addition, if the amount withdrawn exceeds the dividends credited to your account, the account ultimately may be depleted.

How to Redeem (Sell) Shares through Servicing Agents

If your shares are held by a Servicing Agent, you must redeem your shares through the Servicing Agent. Contact the Servicing Agent for instructions on how to do so.

Redemption Price

The redemption price per share you receive for redemption requests is the next determined net asset value after:

- U.S. Bank Global Fund Services receives your written request in proper form with all required information.
- U.S. Bank Global Fund Services receives your authorized telephone request with all required information.
- A Servicing Agent (or its designee) that has been authorized to accept redemption requests on behalf of the Funds receives your request in accordance with its procedures.

Payment of Redemption Proceeds

- For those stockholders who redeem shares by mail, U.S. Bank Global Fund Services will mail a check in the amount of the redemption proceeds no later than the seventh day after it receives the written request in proper form with all required information. The Funds typically expect to meet redemption requests by paying out proceeds from cash or cash equivalent portfolio holdings, or by selling portfolio holdings. In stressed market conditions, redemption methods may include redeeming in kind. In-kind redemptions may be in the form of pro-rata slices of a Fund's portfolio, individual securities or a representative basket of securities. A shareholder will be exposed to market risk until the readily marketable securities are converted to cash and may incur transaction expenses in converting these securities to cash. Shareholders who receive a redemption "in kind" may incur costs upon the subsequent disposition of such securities.
- For those stockholders who redeem by telephone, U.S. Bank Global Fund Services will either mail a check in the amount of the redemption proceeds no later than the seventh day after it receives the redemption request, or transfer the redemption proceeds to your designated bank account if you have elected to receive redemption proceeds by either Electronic Funds Transfer or wire. An Electronic Funds Transfer generally takes 2 to 3

business days to reach the stockholder's account whereas U.S. Bank Global Fund Services generally wires redemption proceeds on the business day following the calculation of the redemption price. However, the Funds may direct U.S. Bank Global Fund Services to pay the proceeds of a telephone redemption on a date no later than the seventh day after the redemption request.

- Those stockholders who redeem shares through Servicing Agents will receive their redemption proceeds in accordance with the procedures established by the Servicing Agent.
- The Leuthold Global Industries Fund, the Leuthold Global Fund, and the Leuthold Core Investment Fund impose a redemption fee equal to 2% of the dollar value of the shares redeemed within 5 business days of the date of purchase. The redemption fee does not apply to shares purchased through reinvested distributions (dividends and capital gains) or through the automatic investment plan, shares held in retirement plans (if the plans request a waiver of the fee), or shares redeemed through designated systematic withdrawal plans.

Other Redemption Considerations

When redeeming shares of the Funds, stockholders should consider the following:

- The redemption may result in a taxable gain.
- Stockholders who redeem shares held in an IRA must indicate on their redemption request whether or not to withhold federal income taxes. If not, these redemptions will be subject to federal income tax withholding.
- The Funds may delay the payment of redemption proceeds for up to seven days in all cases. In addition, the Fund can suspend redemptions and/or postpone payments or redemption proceeds beyond seven days at times when the New York Stock Exchange is closed or during emergency circumstances, as determined by the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- If you purchased shares by check, the Funds may delay the payment of redemption proceeds until

they are reasonably satisfied the check has cleared (which may take up to 15 days from the date of purchase).

- U.S. Bank Global Fund Services will send the proceeds of a redemption to an address or account other than that shown on its records only if the stockholder has sent in a written request with signatures guaranteed.
- U.S. Bank Global Fund Services will not accept telephone redemption requests made within 30 days after an address change.
- The Funds reserve the right to refuse a telephone redemption request if it believes it is advisable to do so. The Funds and U.S. Bank Global Fund Services may modify or terminate their procedures for telephone redemptions at any time. Neither the Funds nor U.S. Bank Global Fund Services will be liable for following instructions for telephone redemption transactions that they reasonably believe to be genuine, provided they use reasonable procedures to confirm the genuineness of the telephone instructions. They may be liable for unauthorized transactions if they fail to follow such procedures. These procedures include requiring some form of personal identification prior to acting upon the telephone instructions and recording all telephone calls. During periods of substantial economic or market change, telephone redemptions may be difficult to implement. If a stockholder cannot contact U.S. Bank Global Fund Services by telephone, he or she should make a redemption request in writing in the manner described earlier.
- U.S. Bank Global Fund Services currently charges a fee of \$15 when transferring redemption proceeds to your designated bank account by wire but does not charge a fee when transferring redemption proceeds by Electronic Funds Transfer.
- The Funds may involuntarily redeem a stockholder's shares upon certain conditions as may be determined by the Directors, including, for example and not limited to, (1) if the stockholder fails to provide the Funds with identification required by law; (2) if the Funds are unable to verify the information received from the

stockholder; and (3) to reimburse a Fund for any loss sustained by reason of the failure of the stockholder to make full payment for shares purchased by the stockholder. Additionally, as discussed below, shares may be redeemed in connection with the closing of small accounts.

- If your account balance falls below \$1,000 with respect to Retail Shares, or falls below \$1,000,000 with respect to Institutional Shares, for any reason, you will be given 60 days to make additional investments so that your account balance is \$1,000 or more, or \$1,000,000 or more, as applicable. If you do not, the Fund may close your account and mail the redemption proceeds to you, or, with respect to Institutional Shares, the Fund may convert your Institutional Shares to Retail Shares. Any such conversion will occur at the relative net asset value of the two share Classes, without the imposition of any fees or other charges. Where a retirement plan or other financial intermediary holds Institutional Shares on behalf of its participants or clients, the above policy applies to any such participants or clients when they roll over their accounts with the retirement plan or financial intermediary into an individual retirement account and they are not otherwise eligible to purchase Institutional Shares.
- Depending on your Service Agent, you may be charged a fee at the time of redemption and some Service Agents may impose a holding period different from that of the Fund.

Frequent Purchases and Redemptions of Shares of the Funds

Frequent purchases and redemptions of a Fund's shares by a stockholder may harm other stockholders of such Fund by interfering with the efficient management of the Fund's portfolio, increasing brokerage and administrative costs, and potentially diluting the value of their shares. Accordingly, the Board of Directors discourages frequent purchases and redemptions of shares of the Leuthold Global Industries Fund, the Leuthold Global Fund, and the Leuthold Core Investment Fund by:

1. Reserving the right to reject any purchase order for any reason or no reason, including purchase orders from potential investors that these Funds believe might engage in frequent purchases and redemptions of fund shares;
2. Imposing a 2% redemption fee on redemptions or exchanges that occur within 5 business days of the share purchase.

The redemption fee does not apply to: (i) redemptions of shares acquired by reinvesting dividends and distributions; (ii) rollovers, transfers and changes of account registration within a Fund as long as the money never leaves such Fund; (iii) redemptions in-kind; (iv) broker wrap fee and other fee-based programs (if the Funds have determined that a program's investment strategy is not expected to result in frequent trading or that the program has adopted procedures reasonably designed to detect and deter frequent trading); and (v) retirement plans, including 401(k) or 403(b) plans or plans administered as college savings programs under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code (if the plans request and receive a waiver of the fee).

The Funds also permit waivers of the redemption fee for the following transactions:

- Redemptions due to small balance maintenance fees;
- Redemptions related to death or due to a divorce decree;
- Certain types of IRA account or broker account transactions, including: redemptions pursuant to systematic withdrawal programs, auto-rebalancing, required minimum distributions, withdrawals due to disability or death, return of excess contribution amounts, and redemptions related to payment of custodian fees; and
- Certain types of employer-sponsored and 403(b) retirement plan transactions (if the retirement plan has not received a waiver), including: loans or hardship withdrawals, minimum required distributions, redemptions pursuant to systematic withdrawal programs, forfeiture of assets, return of excess contribution amounts, redemptions related to payment of plan fees, and redemptions related to death, disability, or qualified domestic relations order.

These Funds rely on intermediaries to determine when a redemption occurs within 5 business days of purchase. Stockholders purchasing shares through an intermediary should contact the intermediary or refer to their account agreement or plan document for information about how the redemption fee for transactions in the intermediary's omnibus accounts works and any differences between the Fund's redemption fee procedures and the intermediary's redemption fee procedures. The right to reject an order applies to any order, including an order placed from an omnibus account or a retirement plan. Although these Funds have taken steps to discourage frequent purchases and redemptions of Fund shares, they cannot guarantee that such trading will not occur.

In addition to the circumstances previously noted, the Funds reserve the right to waive the redemption fee at their discretion where they believe such waiver is in the best interests of the Funds, including but not limited to when they determine that imposition of the redemption fee is not necessary to protect the Funds from the effects of short-term trading. In addition, the Funds reserve the right to modify or eliminate the redemption fee or waivers at any time.

The Leuthold Select Industries Fund and the Grizzly Short Fund generally accommodate frequent purchases and redemptions of their shares notwithstanding the potential harm to the Leuthold Select Industries Fund and the Grizzly Short Fund other stockholders. The Board of Directors believes it likely that a significant number of investors in the Leuthold Select Industries Fund and the Grizzly Short Fund are not long-term investors because the Leuthold Select Industries Fund is offered to investors who choose to do their own asset allocation rather than invest in the Leuthold Global Fund or the Leuthold Core Investment Fund, and because of the rising stock market risk associated with short selling of the Grizzly Short Fund. Although the Leuthold Select Industries Fund and the Grizzly Short Fund generally accommodate frequent purchases and redemptions of their shares, they reserve the right to reject any purchase order for any reason or no reason, including purchase orders from potential investors that these Funds believe might engage in potentially disruptive purchases and redemptions of their shares.

Inactive Accounts

Your account may be transferred to your state of residence if no activity occurs within your account during the “inactivity period” specified in your state’s abandoned property laws. If the Funds are unable to locate a stockholder, they will determine whether the stockholder’s account can legally be considered abandoned. The Funds are legally obligated to escheat (or transfer) abandoned property to the appropriate state’s unclaimed property administrator in accordance with statutory requirements. The stockholder’s last known address of record determines which state has jurisdiction. Interest or income is not earned on redemption or distribution checks sent to you during the time the check remained uncashed.

Stockholders with a state of residence in Texas have the ability to designate a representative to receive legislatively required unclaimed property due diligence notifications. Please contact the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts for further information.

EXCHANGING SHARES

Eligible Funds

Retail Class shares of the Funds may be exchanged for shares of:

- Leuthold Global Industries Fund (Retail Class only)
- Leuthold Global Fund (Retail Class only)
- Grizzly Short Fund
- Leuthold Core Investment Fund (Retail Class only)
- Leuthold Select Industries Fund
- First American Retail Prime Obligations Fund

at their relative net asset values. Institutional Class shares of the Funds may be exchanged for Retail Class shares or Institutional Class shares of the other Leuthold Funds or for shares of the First American Retail Prime Obligations Fund at their relative net asset values. An affiliate of U.S. Bank Global Fund

Services advises First American Retail Prime Obligations Fund, a money market mutual fund. The Adviser or the Funds may receive fees for providing product support services related to First American Retail Prime Obligations Fund, which are shareholder services and other services of an administrative and clerical nature only. The receipt of such fees could create a conflict of interest. This risk is mitigated by ensuring that the Adviser and the Fund make no recommendations regarding any investments in First American Retail Prime Obligations Fund, and are making no such recommendation herein, and by ensuring that they receive no compensation in connection with any purchase of the First American Retail Prime Obligations Fund or any distribution related activities of the First American Retail Prime Obligations Fund. Please call 1-800-273-6886 for a prospectus describing First American Retail Prime Obligations Fund. You may have a taxable gain or loss as a result of an exchange because an exchange is treated as a sale of shares for federal income tax purposes. The Leuthold Global Industries Fund, the Leuthold Global Fund, and the Leuthold Core Investment Fund impose a fee equal to 2% of the dollar value of the shares exchanged within 5 business days of the date of purchase. This fee does not apply to shares purchased through reinvested distributions (dividends and capital gains), shares held in retirement plans, or shares redeemed through designated systematic withdrawal plans.

The exchange fee operates in the same manner as the redemption fee discussed under the caption “Frequent Purchases and Redemptions of Shares of the Funds” on page 39, including the ability of the Funds to waive the exchange fee in certain limited circumstances.

How to Exchange Shares

1. Read this Prospectus (and, if applicable, the prospectus for First American Prime Obligations Fund) carefully.
2. Determine the number of shares you want to exchange keeping in mind that exchanges are subject to a \$10,000 minimum.
3. Call U.S. Bank Global Fund Services at 1-800-273-6886. The transfer agent currently charges a fee of \$5 when exchanging proceeds by telephone. You may also make an exchange by writing to Leuthold Funds, Inc., c/o U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, P.O. Box 701, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201-0701.

DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS, AND TAXES

The Funds distribute substantially all of their net investment income quarterly and substantially all of their capital gains annually.

You have four distribution options:

Automatic Reinvestment Option — Both dividend and capital gains distributions will be reinvested in additional shares of the Funds.

Cash Dividend or Capital Gain Option — Dividends will be paid in cash and capital gains will be reinvested in additional shares of the Funds, or dividends will be reinvested in additional shares and capital gains will be paid in cash.

All Cash Option — Both dividend and capital gains distributions will be paid in cash.

You may independently elect cash or reinvestment for dividends and capital gains.

If you elect to receive your distribution in cash and the U.S. Postal Service cannot deliver your check, or if a check remains uncashed for six months, the Funds reserve the right to reinvest the distribution check in the stockholder's account at the Funds' then current net asset value and to reinvest subsequent distributions.

You may make your distribution election on the Purchase Application. You may change your election

by writing to U.S. Bank Global Fund Services or by calling 1-800-273-6886.

The following discussion regarding federal income taxes summarizes only some of the important federal income tax considerations affecting the Funds and you as a stockholder. It does not apply to foreign or tax-exempt stockholders or those holding Fund shares through a tax-advantaged account, such as a 401(k) plan or IRA. This discussion is not intended as a substitute for careful tax planning. You should consult your tax advisor about your specific tax situation. Please see the SAI for additional federal income tax information.

Each Fund has elected to be treated and intends to qualify each year as a regulated investment company (RIC). A RIC is not subject to tax at the corporate level on income and gains from investments that are distributed in a timely manner to stockholders. However, a Fund's failure to qualify as a RIC would result in corporate level taxation, and consequently, a reduction in income available for distribution to you as a stockholder.

Each Fund's distributions, whether received in cash or additional shares of the Fund, may be subject to federal, state, and local income tax. These distributions may be taxed as ordinary income (although a portion of each Fund's dividends may be taxable to investors at the lower rate applicable to dividend income) and long-term capital gains.

Corporate stockholders may be able to deduct a portion of their distributions when determining their taxable income.

If you purchase shares of a Fund shortly before it makes a taxable distribution, your distribution will, in effect, be a taxable return of capital. Similarly, if you purchase shares of a Fund that has appreciated securities, you will receive a taxable return of part of your investment if and when the Fund sells the appreciated securities and distributes the gain. Each Fund has built up, or has the potential to build up, high levels of unrealized appreciation.

Each Fund will notify you of the tax status of ordinary income distributions and capital gain distributions after the end of each calendar year.

You will generally recognize taxable gain or loss on a redemption of shares in an amount equal to the difference between the amount received and your tax

basis in such shares. This gain or loss will generally be capital and will be long-term capital gain or loss if the shares were held for more than one year.

In general, when a stockholder sells Fund shares, the Fund must report to the stockholder and the IRS the stockholder's cost basis, gain or loss and holding period in the sold shares using a specified method for determining which shares were sold. You are not bound by this method and, if timely, can choose a different, permissible method. Please consult with your tax advisor.

If you hold shares in a Fund through a broker (or another nominee), please contact that broker (or nominee) with respect to the reporting of cost basis and available elections for your account.

When you receive a distribution from a Fund or redeem shares, you may be subject to backup withholding.

INDEX DESCRIPTIONS

S&P 500® Index

The S&P 500® Index is a capitalization-weighted index of 500 stocks. The index is designed to measure performance of the broad domestic economy through changes in the aggregate market value of 500 stocks representing all major industries. The index does not reflect any deductions for fees, expenses or taxes. A direct investment in an index is not possible. The S&P 500® Index is a trademark of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC. The index is used herein for comparative purposes in accordance with SEC regulations.

Lipper Flexible Portfolio Funds Index

The Lipper Flexible Portfolio Funds Index is an equally weighted index of funds that allocate their investments to both domestic and foreign securities across traditional asset classes with a focus on total return. The traditional asset classes utilized are common stocks, bonds and money market instruments. The results of the underlying funds in the index include the reinvestment of dividends and capital gain distributions, as well as brokerage commissions paid by the funds for portfolio transactions and other fund expenses, but do not reflect the effect of sales charges, account fees or U.S. federal income taxes. A direct investment in an index is not possible. The index is used herein for comparative purposes in accordance with SEC regulations.

Morningstar Tactical Allocation Index

The Morningstar Tactical Allocation Index is comprised of funds that incorporate a tactical asset allocation strategy which is the process by which the asset of a fund is changed on a short-term basis to take advantage of perceived differences in relative values of the various asset classes. The results of the underlying funds in the index include the reinvestment of dividends and capital gain distributions, as well as brokerage commissions paid by the funds for portfolio transactions and other fund expenses, but do not reflect the effect of sales charges, account fees or U.S. federal income taxes. A direct investment in an index is not possible. The index is used herein for comparative purposes in accordance with SEC regulations.

Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Index

The Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Index provides a broad-based measure of the global investment grade fixed-rate debt markets. It is comprised of the U.S. Aggregate, Pan-European Aggregate, the Asian-Pacific Aggregate Indices, and the Canadian Aggregate Indices. It also includes a wide range of standard and customized sub-indices by liquidity constraint, sector, quality, and maturity. The index does not reflect any deductions for fees, expenses or taxes. A direct investment in an index is not possible. The index is used herein for comparative purposes in accordance with SEC regulations.

MSCI All Country World Index

The MSCI All Country World Index is designed to represent performance of the full opportunity set of large- and mid-cap stocks across 23 developed and 24 emerging markets. The index does not reflect any deductions for fees, expenses or taxes. A direct investment in an index is not possible. The index is used herein for comparative purposes in accordance with SEC regulations.

Russell 2000® Index

The Russell 2000® Index measures the performance of the 2,000 smallest companies in the Russell 3000® Index, which comprises the 3,000 largest U.S. companies based on total market capitalization. A direct investment in an index is not possible. The Russell 2000® Index is a trademark of the Frank Russell Company. The index is used herein for comparative purposes in accordance with SEC regulations.

Lipper Multi-Cap Core Funds Index

The Lipper Multi-Cap Core Funds Index is an average of funds that invest in a variety of market capitalization ranges without concentrating 75% of their equity assets in any one market capitalization range over an extended period of time. Multi-cap funds typically have between 25% and 75% of their assets invested in companies with market capitalizations (on a three-year weighted basis) above 300% of the dollar-weighted median market capitalization of the middle 1,000 securities of the S&P SuperComposite 1500[®] Index. These funds typically have an average price-to-earnings ratio, price-to-book ratio, and three-year sales-per-share growth value, compared to the S&P SuperComposite 1500[®] Index. The results of the underlying funds in the index include the reinvestment of dividends and capital gain distributions, as well as brokerage commissions paid by the funds for portfolio transactions and other fund expenses, but do not reflect the effect of sales charges, account fees or U.S. federal income taxes. A direct investment in an index is not possible. The index is used herein for comparative purposes in accordance with SEC regulations.

Lipper Global Multi-Cap Value Index

The Lipper Global Multi-Cap Value Index is an index that measures funds' investment in a variety of market capitalization ranges without concentrating 75% of their equity assets in any one market capitalization range over an extended period of time. Typically, funds in this index have 25% to 75% of their assets invested in companies both inside and outside of the U.S. with market capitalizations (on a three-year weighted basis) above 400% of the 75th market capitalization percentile of the S&P/Citigroup World Broad Market Index. The results of the underlying funds in the index include the reinvestment of dividends and capital gain distributions, as well as brokerage commissions paid by the funds for portfolio transactions and other fund expenses, but do not reflect the effect of sales charges, account fees or U.S. federal income taxes. A direct investment in an index is not possible. The index is used herein for comparative purposes in accordance with SEC regulations.

S&P MidCap 400[®] Index

The S&P MidCap 400[®] Index is a capitalization-weighted index, which measures the performance of the mid-range sector of the U.S. stock market. The index was developed with a base level of 100 as of December 31, 1990. A direct investment in an index is not possible. The S&P MidCap 400[®] Index is a trademark of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC. The index is used herein for comparative purposes in accordance with SEC regulations.

Lipper Dedicated Short Bias Funds Index

The Lipper Dedicated Short Bias Funds Index is an equally weighted representation of funds in the Lipper Dedicated Short Bias category. These funds employ a hedge fund strategy that maintains a net short exposure to the market through a combination of short and long positions. A dedicated short bias investment strategy attempts to capture profits when the market declines, by holding investments that are overall biased to the short side. The results of the underlying funds in the index include the reinvestment of dividends and capital gain distributions, as well as brokerage commissions paid by the funds for portfolio transactions and other fund expenses, but do not reflect the effect of sales charges, account fees or U.S. federal income taxes. A direct investment in an index is not possible. The index is used herein for comparative purposes in accordance with SEC regulations.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand each Fund's financial performance for the period of its operations. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share outstanding throughout the period indicated. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in a Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). This information has been derived from the financial statements audited by Ernst & Young LLP, whose report, along with the Funds' financial statements, is included in the Annual Report which is available upon request.

Leuthold Core Investment Fund – Retail – LCORX

	Year Ended September 30, 2018 (Consolidated)	Year Ended September 30, 2017 (Consolidated)	Year Ended September 30, 2016 (Consolidated)	Year Ended September 30, 2015 (Consolidated)	Year Ended September 30, 2014 (Consolidated)
Per Share Data⁽¹⁾:					
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 20.54	\$ 18.06	\$ 18.44	\$ 18.85	\$ 18.29
Income (loss) from investment operations:					
Net investment income (loss) ⁽²⁾	0.05	0.04	(0.01)	(0.01)	0.01
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments and securities sold short	0.61	2.53	0.32	0.76	2.02
Total from investment operations	0.66	2.57	0.31	0.75	2.03
Less distributions:					
From net investment income	(0.05)	(0.01)	—	(0.03)	(0.21)
From net realized gain	(0.65)	(0.08)	(0.69)	(1.13)	(1.26)
Redemption fees ⁽³⁾	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total distributions	(0.70)	(0.09)	(0.69)	(1.16)	(1.47)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 20.50	\$ 20.54	\$ 18.06	\$ 18.44	\$ 18.85
Total Return	3.23%	14.31%	1.76%	4.03%	11.49%
Supplemental data and ratios:					
Net assets, end of year	\$403,095,456	\$ 464,660,913	\$524,731,192	\$564,608,599	\$569,237,299
Ratio of expenses to average net assets ⁽⁴⁾	1.38%	1.21%	1.29%	1.30%	1.28%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets ⁽⁵⁾	0.26%	0.20%	(0.08)%	(0.05)%	0.04%
Portfolio turnover rate ⁽⁶⁾	79.00%	52.36%	109.32%	78.96%	80.65%

(1) For a share outstanding throughout the period. Rounded to the nearest cent.

(2) Net investment income (loss) per share is calculated based on average shares outstanding.

(3) Amount represents less than \$0.005 per share.

(4) The ratio of expenses to average net assets includes dividends and interest on securities sold short. The expense ratios excluding dividends and interest on securities sold short were 1.19% for the year ended September 30, 2018, 1.19% for the year ended September 30, 2017, 1.17% for the year ended September 30, 2016, 1.16% for the year ended September 30, 2015, and 1.15% for the year ended September 30, 2014.

(5) The net investment income ratios include dividends and interest on securities sold short.

(6) The portfolio turnover rate excludes purchases and sales of securities sold short.

Leuthold Core Investment Fund – Institutional – LCRIX

	Year Ended September 30, 2018 (Consolidated)	Year Ended September 30, 2017 (Consolidated)	Year Ended September 30, 2016 (Consolidated)	Year Ended September 30, 2015 (Consolidated)	Year Ended September 30, 2014 (Consolidated)
Per Share Data⁽¹⁾:					
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 20.56	\$ 18.08	\$ 18.43	\$ 18.85	\$ 18.28
Income from investment operations:					
Net investment income ⁽²⁾	0.08	0.06	0.01	0.01	0.03
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments and securities sold short	0.60	2.53	0.33	0.74	2.03
Total from investment operations	0.68	2.59	0.34	0.75	2.06
Less distributions:					
From net investment income	(0.06)	(0.03)	—	(0.04)	(0.23)
From net realized gain	(0.65)	(0.08)	(0.69)	(1.13)	(1.26)
Redemption fees	0.00 ⁽³⁾	0.00 ⁽³⁾	0.00 ⁽³⁾	0.00 ⁽³⁾	—
Total distributions	(0.71)	(0.11)	(0.69)	(1.17)	(1.49)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 20.53	\$ 20.56	\$ 18.08	\$ 18.43	\$ 18.85
Total return	3.35%	14.43%	1.93%	4.03%	11.66%
Supplemental data and ratios:					
Net assets, end of year	\$434,163,780	\$385,390,357	\$378,962,827	\$293,666,347	\$276,568,913
Ratio of expenses to average net assets ⁽⁴⁾	1.27%	1.10%	1.17%	1.20%	1.18%
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets ⁽⁵⁾	0.37%	0.30%	0.04%	0.05%	0.14%
Portfolio turnover rate ⁽⁶⁾	79.00%	52.36%	109.32%	78.96%	80.65%

(1) For a share outstanding throughout the period. Rounded to the nearest cent.

(2) Net investment income per share is calculated based on average shares outstanding.

(3) Amount represents less than \$0.005 per share.

(4) The ratio of expenses to average net assets includes dividends and interest on securities sold short. The expense ratios excluding dividends and interest on securities sold short were 1.08% for the year ended September 30, 2018, 1.08% for the year ended September 30, 2017, 1.05% for the year ended September 30, 2016, 1.06% for the year ended September 30, 2015, and 1.06% for the year ended September 30, 2014.

(5) The net investment income ratios include dividends and interest on securities sold short.

(6) The portfolio turnover rate excludes purchases and sales of securities sold short.

Leuthold Global Fund – Retail – GLBLX

	Year Ended September 30, 2018 (Consolidated)	Year Ended September 30, 2017 (Consolidated)	Year Ended September 30, 2016 (Consolidated)	Year Ended September 30, 2015 (Consolidated)	Year Ended September 30, 2014 (Consolidated)
Per Share Data⁽¹⁾:					
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 10.05	\$ 9.86	\$ 10.03	\$ 11.29	\$ 11.65
Income (loss) from investment operations:					
Net investment income (loss) ⁽²⁾	0.03	0.04	(0.01)	(0.03)	0.03
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments and securities sold short	(0.07)	1.02	0.21	(0.11)	0.83
Total from investment operations	(0.04)	1.06	0.20	(0.14)	0.86
Less distributions:					
From net investment income	(0.02)	—	—	(0.03)	(0.08)
From net realized gain	(0.88)	(0.87)	(0.37)	(1.09)	(1.14)
Redemption fees ⁽³⁾	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total distributions	(0.90)	(0.87)	(0.37)	(1.12)	(1.22)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 9.11	\$ 10.05	\$ 9.86	\$ 10.03	\$ 11.29
Total return	(0.67)%	12.02%	1.89%	(1.41)%	7.68%
Supplemental data and ratios:					
Net assets, end of year	\$18,362,218	\$24,040,140	\$78,743,516	\$95,026,857	\$130,838,148
Ratio of expenses to average net assets ⁽⁴⁾	1.75%	1.56%	1.82%	1.71%	1.65%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets ⁽⁵⁾	0.28%	0.38%	(0.15)%	(0.29)%	0.25%
Portfolio turnover rate ⁽⁶⁾	79.09%	63.13%	102.93%	78.37%	71.63%

(1) For a share outstanding throughout the period. Rounded to the nearest cent.

(2) Net investment income (loss) per share is calculated based on average shares outstanding.

(3) Amount represents less than \$0.005 per share.

(4) The ratio of expenses to average net assets includes dividends and interest on securities sold short. The expense ratios excluding dividends and interest on securities sold short were 1.54% for the year ended September 30, 2018, 1.56% for the year ended September 30, 2017, 1.61% for the year ended September 30, 2016, 1.54% for the year ended September 30, 2015, and 1.53% for the year ended September 30, 2014.

(5) The net investment income ratios include dividends and interest on securities sold short.

(6) The portfolio turnover rate excludes purchases and sales of securities sold short.

Leuthold Global Fund – Institutional – GLBIX

	Year Ended September 30, 2018 (Consolidated)	Year Ended September 30, 2017 (Consolidated)	Year Ended September 30, 2016 (Consolidated)	Year Ended September 30, 2015 (Consolidated)	Year Ended September 30, 2014 (Consolidated)
Per Share Data ⁽¹⁾:					
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 10.16	\$ 9.95	\$ 10.10	\$ 11.34	\$ 11.69
Income (loss) from investment operations:					
Net investment income (loss) ⁽²⁾	0.05	0.06	0.01	(0.01)	0.05
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments and securities sold short	(0.07)	1.03	0.21	(0.11)	0.84
Total from investment operations	(0.02)	1.09	0.22	(0.12)	0.89
Less distributions:					
From net investment income	(0.03)	(0.01)	—	(0.03)	(0.10)
From net realized gain	(0.88)	(0.87)	(0.37)	(1.09)	(1.14)
Redemption fees	0.00 ⁽³⁾	0.00 ⁽³⁾	0.00 ⁽³⁾	0.00 ⁽³⁾	—
Total distributions	(0.91)	(0.88)	(0.37)	(1.12)	(1.24)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 9.23	\$ 10.16	\$ 9.95	\$ 10.10	\$ 11.34
Total return	(0.43)%	12.28%	2.18%	(1.30)%	7.95%
Supplemental data and ratios:					
Net assets, end of year	\$64,388,940	\$78,614,144	\$103,921,200	\$218,497,272	\$231,615,536
Ratio of expenses to average net assets ⁽⁴⁾ :	1.50%	1.36%	1.57%	1.50%	1.44%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets ⁽⁵⁾ :	0.53%	0.58%	0.10%	(0.09)%	0.45%
Portfolio turnover rate ⁽⁶⁾	79.09%	63.13%	102.93%	78.37%	71.63%

(1) For a share outstanding throughout the period. Rounded to the nearest cent.

(2) Net investment income (loss) per share is calculated based on average shares outstanding.

(3) Amount represents less than \$0.005 per share.

(4) The ratio of expenses to average net assets includes dividends and interest on securities sold short. The expense ratios excluding dividends and interest on securities sold short were 1.29% for the year ended September 30, 2018, 1.36% for the year ended September 30, 2017, 1.36% for the year ended September 30, 2016, 1.33% for the year ended September 30, 2015, and 1.33% for the year ended September 30, 2014.

(5) The net investment income ratios include dividends and interest on securities sold short.

(6) The portfolio turnover rate excludes purchases and sales of securities sold short.

Leuthold Select Industries Fund – LSLTX

	Year Ended September 30, 2018	Year Ended September 30, 2017	Year Ended September 30, 2016	Year Ended September 30, 2015	Year Ended September 30, 2014
Per Share Data⁽¹⁾:					
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 26.32	\$ 21.41	\$ 21.27	\$ 20.02	\$ 16.82
Income (loss) from investment operations:					
Net investment loss ⁽²⁾	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.00) ⁽³⁾	(0.03)	(0.07)
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments	2.28	4.93	0.45	1.28	3.27
Total from investment operations	2.27	4.91	0.45	1.25	3.20
Less distributions:					
From net investment income	(0.01)	—	(0.03)	—	—
From net realized gain	(1.27)	—	(0.28)	—	—
Total distributions	(1.28)	—	(0.31)	—	—
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 27.31	\$ 26.32	\$ 21.41	\$ 21.27	\$ 20.02
Total return	8.89%	22.93%	2.09%	6.24%	19.02%
Supplemental data and ratios:					
Net assets, end of year	\$18,111,932	\$15,045,866	\$12,630,891	\$12,624,145	\$14,977,451
Ratio of expenses to average net assets:					
Before expense reimbursement or recovery	1.65%	1.80%	1.72%	1.73%	1.68%
After expense reimbursement or recovery	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.58%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets:					
Before expense reimbursement or recovery	(0.17)%	(0.39)%	(0.20)%	(0.35)%	(0.44)%
After expense reimbursement or recovery	(0.02)%	(0.09)%	0.02%	(0.12)%	(0.34)%
Portfolio turnover rate	104.00%	62.72%	118.26%	77.42%	66.79%

(1) For a share outstanding throughout the period. Rounded to the nearest cent.

(2) Net investment loss per share is calculated based on average shares outstanding.

(3) Amount represents less than \$0.005 per share.

Leuthold Global Industries Fund – Retail – LGINX

	Year Ended September 30, 2018	Year Ended September 30, 2017	Year Ended September 30, 2016	Year Ended September 30, 2015	Year Ended September 30, 2014
Per Share Data⁽¹⁾:					
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 18.13	\$ 15.64	\$ 15.76	\$ 16.54	\$ 14.89
Income (loss) from investment operations:					
Net investment income ⁽²⁾	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.04	0.08
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	0.09	3.01	0.41	(0.46)	1.68
Total from investment operations	0.21	3.13	0.53	(0.42)	1.76
Less distributions:					
From net investment income	(0.17)	(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.05)	(0.11)
From net realized gain	(1.27)	(0.57)	(0.58)	(0.31)	—
Redemption fees	0.00 ⁽³⁾	—	—	0.00 ⁽³⁾	0.00 ⁽³⁾
Total distributions	(1.44)	(0.64)	(0.65)	(0.36)	(0.11)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 16.90	\$ 18.13	\$ 15.64	\$ 15.76	\$ 16.54
Total return	0.95%	20.90%	3.24%	(2.61)%	11.78%
Supplemental data and ratios:					
Net assets, end of year	\$ 1,798,973	\$ 1,952,884	\$ 1,833,241	\$ 5,015,722	\$11,351,746
Ratio of expenses to average net assets:					
Before expense reimbursement or recovery	2.60%	2.66%	2.35%	2.04%	2.06%
After expense reimbursement or recovery	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.72%
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets:					
Before expense reimbursement or recovery	(0.43)%	(0.43)%	(0.10)%	(0.29)%	0.18%
After expense reimbursement or recovery	0.67%	0.73%	0.75%	0.24%	0.52%
Portfolio turnover rate	101.26%	87.41%	110.53%	95.84%	107.17%

(1) For a share outstanding throughout the period. Rounded to the nearest cent.

(2) Net investment income per share is calculated based on average shares outstanding.

(3) Amount represents less than \$0.005 per share.

Leuthold Global Industries Fund – Institutional – LGIIX

	Year Ended September 30, 2018	Year Ended September 30, 2017	Year Ended September 30, 2016	Year Ended September 30, 2015	Year Ended September 30, 2014
Per Share Data⁽¹⁾:					
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 18.22	\$ 15.70	\$ 15.82	\$ 16.63	\$ 14.95
Income (loss) from investment operations:					
Net investment income ⁽²⁾	0.16	0.16	0.15	0.08	0.13
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	0.09	3.03	0.43	(0.48)	1.69
Total from investment operations	0.25	3.19	0.58	(0.40)	1.82
Less distributions:					
From net investment income	(0.18)	(0.10)	(0.12)	(0.10)	(0.14)
From net realized gain	(1.27)	(0.57)	(0.58)	(0.31)	—
Redemption fees	—	—	—	0.00 ⁽³⁾	—
Total distributions	(1.45)	(0.67)	(0.70)	(0.41)	(0.14)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 17.02	\$ 18.22	\$ 15.70	\$ 15.82	\$ 16.63
Total return	1.17%	21.25%	3.47%	(2.44)%	12.16%
Supplemental data and ratios:					
Net assets, end of year	\$ 8,640,784	\$ 8,980,549	\$ 9,802,258	\$14,272,916	\$16,853,310
Ratio of expenses to average net assets:					
Ratio of net investment loss to average net assets:					
Before expense reimbursement or recovery	2.35%	2.41%	2.10%	1.79%	1.81%
After expense reimbursement or recovery	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.47%
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets:					
Before expense reimbursement or recovery	(0.18)%	(0.18)%	0.15%	(0.05)%	0.43%
After expense reimbursement or recovery	0.92%	0.98%	1.00%	0.49%	0.77%
Portfolio turnover rate	101.26%	87.41%	110.53%	95.84%	107.17%

(1) For a share outstanding throughout the period. Rounded to the nearest cent.

(2) Net investment income per share is calculated based on average shares outstanding.

(3) Amount represents less than \$0.005 per share.

Grizzly Short Fund – GRZZX

	Year Ended September 30, 2018	Year Ended September 30, 2017 ⁽¹⁾	Year Ended September 30, 2016 ⁽¹⁾	Year Ended September 30, 2015 ⁽¹⁾	Year Ended September 30, 2014 ⁽¹⁾
Per Share Data⁽²⁾:					
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 21.48	\$ 24.68	\$ 31.96	\$ 29.48	\$ 34.32
Income (loss) from investment operations:					
Net investment loss	(0.03) ⁽³⁾	(0.40) ⁽³⁾	(0.72) ⁽³⁾	(0.80) ⁽³⁾	(1.04) ⁽⁴⁾
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments and securities sold short	(3.80)	(2.80)	(6.56)	3.28	(3.80)
Total from investment operations	(3.83)	(3.20)	(7.28)	2.48	(4.84)
Less distributions:					
From net investment income	—	—	—	—	—
From net realized gain	—	—	—	—	—
From return of capital	—	—	—	—	—
Total distributions	—	—	—	—	—
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 17.65	\$ 21.48	\$ 24.68	\$ 31.96	\$ 29.48
Total return	(17.83)%	(12.97)%	(22.78)%	8.41%	(14.20)%
Supplemental data and ratios:					
Net assets, end of year	\$98,948,757	\$205,698,273	\$178,211,844	\$265,843,184	\$72,182,207
Ratio of expenses to average net assets ⁽⁵⁾ :	2.64%	2.63%	2.65%	2.81%	3.35%
Ratio of net investment loss to average net assets ⁽⁶⁾ :	(0.54)%	(1.78)%	(2.50)%	(2.81)%	(3.35)%
Portfolio turnover rate ⁽⁷⁾	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

(1) Per share data adjusted for 1:4 reverse split completed as of May 18, 2018.

(2) For a share outstanding throughout the period. Rounded to the nearest cent.

(3) Net investment loss per share is calculated based on average shares outstanding.

(4) Net investment loss per share is calculated using ending balances prior to consideration of adjustments for permanent book and tax differences.

(5) The ratio of expenses to average net assets includes dividends and interest on securities sold short. The expense ratios excluding dividends and interest on securities sold short were 1.53% for the year ended September 30, 2018, 1.54% for the year ended September 30, 2017, 1.52% for the year ended September 30, 2016, 1.55% for the year ended September 30, 2015, and 1.57% for the year ended September 30, 2014.

(6) The net investment income ratios include dividends and interest on securities sold short.

(7) The portfolio turnover rate excludes purchases and sales of securities sold short.





Leuthold Weeden Capital Management & Leuthold Funds, Inc.

Notice of Privacy Policy & Practices

Leuthold⁽¹⁾ recognizes and respects the privacy expectations of our customers. We are providing this notice to you so that you will know what kinds of information we collect about our customers and the circumstances in which that information may be disclosed to third parties not affiliated with Leuthold.

We collect non-public personal information about our customers from the following sources:

- *Account Applications and other forms*, which may include a customer's name, address, social security number, and information about a customer's investment goals and risk tolerance;
- *Account History*, including information about the transactions and balances in a customer's accounts; and
- *Correspondence*, written, telephonic, or electronic between a customer and Leuthold or service providers to Leuthold.

We may disclose all of the information described above to certain third parties who are not affiliated with Leuthold to process or service a transaction at your request or as permitted by law — for example, sharing information with companies who maintain or service customer accounts for Leuthold is permitted and is essential for us to provide you with necessary or useful services with respect to your accounts.

We maintain, and require service providers to Leuthold to maintain, policies designed to ensure only appropriate access to, and use of, information about our customers and to maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards that comply with federal standards to guard non-public personal information of our customers. When information about Leuthold's customers is disclosed to non-affiliated third parties, we require that the third party maintain the confidentiality of the information disclosed and limit the use of information by the third party solely to the purposes for which the information is disclosed or as otherwise permitted by law.

We permit only authorized individuals who are trained in the proper handling of individual investor information, and who need to access this information to perform their duties, to have access to your personal information. In addition, all of our employees are subject to our internal policies, which are reinforced in our Employee Manual and we maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards to protect your nonpublic personal information from unauthorized use.

We will adhere to the policies and practices described in this notice regardless of whether you are a current or former customer of Leuthold.

(1) For purposes of this notice, the term "Leuthold" includes Leuthold Weeden Capital Management and Leuthold Funds, Inc.

Not part of the prospectus.

To learn more about the Leuthold Core Investment Fund, the Leuthold Global Fund, the Leuthold Select Industries Fund, the Leuthold Global Industries Fund, and the Grizzly Short Fund, you may want to read their Statement of Additional Information (or “SAI”) which contains additional information about the Funds. The Funds have incorporated by reference, the SAI into the Prospectus. This means that you should consider the contents of the SAI to be part of the Prospectus.

You also may learn more about the Funds’ investments by reading the Funds’ annual and semi-annual reports to stockholders. The annual report includes a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the performance of the Funds during their last fiscal year.

The SAI and the annual and semi-annual reports are all available to stockholders and prospective investors without charge, simply by calling U.S. Bank Global Fund Services at 1-800-273-6886. The Funds also make available the SAI and the annual and semi-annual reports, free of charge, on their Internet website (<http://www.funds.leutholdgroup.com>).

Prospective investors and stockholders who have questions about Leuthold Funds may also call the following number or write to the following address.

Leuthold Funds, Inc.
150 South Fifth Street, Suite 1700
Minneapolis, MN 55402
800-273-6886

Reports and other information about the Funds are also available on the EDGAR Database on the Securities and Exchange Commission’s Internet website at <http://www.sec.gov> and copies of this information may be obtained, upon payment of a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following E-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov.

Please refer to the Funds’ Investment Company Act File No. 811-09094 when seeking information about the Funds from the Securities and Exchange Commission.